The Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 6.--Third Year. VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1887. No. 25.

Why Freeze to Death When You Can Buy

HEAVY WINTER OVERCOATS,

Capes, Gloves, Mitts, Mufflers, &c.,

SO VERY CHEAP FOR CASH, AT

A. GILMORE'S, - - - Johnson Street.

A New Line of the Latest Style HARD HATS, just received, in Black and Brown.

$6 | PANTS! PANTS! PANTS! Made to Order for $6 | $6

AT

LEASK & MORRISON'S, 304 Government Street.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

HOTELS--VICTORIA.

THE AMERICAN HOTEL.
YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
Established 1863. Rates $1.00 to $1.50 per day. T. J. BURNES. 1 aly13

THE CLARENCE.
FRANK G. RICHARDS, Jr., Lessee.
Cor. Yates and Douglas streets, Victoria, B. C. Tourists' headquarters. New and elegant in all its appointments. Fully supplied with all conveniences of modern hotels. First-class in every respect. Prices moderate.

THE OCCIDENTAL.
JOSEPH BAYLEY, Prop'r.
The Home from Home, cor. Wharf and Johnson streets, Victoria, B. C. Fronting on the wharves of the California, Puget Sound and Fraser steamers, Canadian Pacific and E. & N. railways. Largest and most convenient Hotel in the city. Everything new. Table well supplied. Bar and Billiard Room attached. Fireproof building. Imported Edinburgh and Burton Ales always on draught. Rates--$1 to $1.50 per day, according to location of rooms.

ORIENTAL HOTEL.
Wm. McKEON & SON, Prop's.
American plan. Is the most desirable first-class hotel in the city. Terms moderate.

THE GORDON HOTEL.
ROBERT McDERMOTT, Propr.
Johnson St., bet. Store and Wharf, where "Old Bob" will be found at his usual business of selling "Sad Whisky," but good Cigars. He cordially invites old and new friends to give him a call.

THE COLONIST HOTEL.
BEACON HILL.
Lovely scenery! beautiful surroundings! A pleasant and healthful summer resort, overlooking Juan de Fuca Straits, and only one mile from the Postoffice, Victoria. Families can be provided with suites of room at moderate charges. A first class Cook has just been engaged. Telephone call 141.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.
JOHN BERRYMAN, Propr.
Board and Lodging, per week........$5.50 and $6
Board, per week........$4.50
Meals, per night........
The bar is supplied with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Southeast corner Fort and Douglas streets, Victoria.

HOTELS--VANCOUVER.

THE BURRARD HOTEL.
MARTIN & BALFOUR, Prop's.
Corner Carroll and Cordova streets, Vancouver, B.C. The only first-class hotel in Vancouver.

DOUGALL HOUSE.
JOHN DOUGALL, Propr.
Cor. Cordova and Abbott sts., Vancouver, B.C. Finest Hotel in the city. It is a new building, containing every appliance for the protection, comfort and luxury, including fire escapes, of guests. European and American plan. Fire in all rooms. Sample room for travellers. The dining room is in charge of Mr. WEHLENE, who is unrivalled as a Caterer. dec21

HOTELS--NEW WESTMINSTER.

HOLBROOK HOUSE.
NEW WESTMINSTER.
Has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished throughout. Conveniently situated, within easy distance of railway and steamboat landings. First-class in every respect. Rates $1 to $1.50 per day. JOHN HANKIN, Proprietor.

HOTELS--KAMLOOPS.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.
KAMLOOPS, B. C.
Is situate at the junction of North and South Thompson Rivers, and is one of the most delightful locations in the Province. First-class accommodation for tourists. Stage meets all East and West trains.
J. T. EDWARDS, Proprietor.

HOTELS--WINNIPEG.

NEW DOUGLAS HOUSE.
WINNIPEG, MAN.
Most conveniently situated for strangers visiting Winnipeg. Pleasant and cheerful rooms, giving a fine view of the chief thoroughfare of the city. Prices moderate for first-class accommodation. Free 'Bus. BENNETT & CO., Proprietors.

RESTAURANTS.

BELVIDERE RESTAURANT.
F. DAVIS, Proprietor.
Yates street, bet. Government and Broad streets. Open day and night. First-class in every respect. Everything in season. Give us a call. Meals from 25 cents upwards.

MUSICAL.

HERR HEINRICH BOHRER,
PROFESSOR OF PIANO.
From Montreal, has arrived, and will reside for a permanency in Victoria. For terms, etc., address Hotel Driard, where he may be seen daily. dec23

EDUCATIONAL.

CORRIG SCHOOL.
A PRIVATE AND HIGH CLASS BOARDING SCHOOL.
For young gentlemen. Will re-open on Monday, January 10th, 1887. Full staff of Instructors. Four vacancies for Boarders.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
H. J. CAMPBELL, B. A.
Private tuition for candidates preparing for examinations. Kane street, next above Blanchard.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.--An established Hotel business with a paying trade, centrally situated, within a short distance of the Post Office. A good investment for a good man with CASH. Address, for particulars, "Hotel," Times office.

Condensed Advertisements

Inserted on this page, such as Situations Vacant, Situations Wanted, For Sale, To Let, Personal, Lost and Found, and similar advertisements, when not exceeding five lines--forty words--three insertions for 50 cents, and one week (six times) for 75 cents; and if longer than one week, 25 cents additional to the foregoing, per week, will be charged.

PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS CARDS inserted at the following special rates: Cards occupying five or seven lines space, classified, $2 per month. Each additional line, ten words, 50 cents per line per month.

Special arrangements made for advertisements not inserted every day.

WANTED.

WANTED.--Steady employment in a warehouse, store, office or any similar occupation by a steady, respectable young man. First-class references. Address "Warehouse," Box 660, City. jan13 1w

IF YOU WANT Domestics, Farm hands, Labourers, Mechanics, Cooks, Waiters, etc., or any kind of labour done, call at the B. C. E. Bureau. PICKERING & Co., Fort St. Telephone 21. oc28

SICK NURSE.

MRS. K. MEEK,
MONTHLY NURSE.
Late from Toronto. Address Post Office, City. jan29 6t

TO RENT.

TO RENT.--Two Front Rooms, furnished, Bedroom and Sitting Room, in the pleasantest part of the city; also use of kitchen, if required. Address "Apartments," Times office. Feb3 3t

FOR RENT.--A four-roomed House, 20 minutes' walk from Post Office, with Outbuildings complete; will rent furnished or unfurnished. Apply to A. Oldershaw, Craigflower Road, Victoria West. jan31 2w

FOR RENT.--One or two Rooms to let at Denny's, over Victoria House, splendid light; entrance to rooms in sight, at head of stairs. Also Room on ground floor, 24x18 in rear of the Victoria House, entrance Broad street; suitable for a shop or work-room. Apply to jan24 1t WM. DENNY.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.--A first-class Fire-Box Boiler. Can be seen at the residence of Capt. Pamphlet, David street, Rock Bay. jan31 1m

TEAS, WINES AND SPIRITS.

JOHN BOYD,
IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER
In Teas, Wines and Spirits. Finest Scotch Whiskies, specially selected for their excellent qualities, are unsurpassed in the Province.
P. O. 149 YATES STREET.

PHYSICIANS.

DRS. HALL & HALL,
PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS AND ACCOUCHEURS.
Special attention given to diseases of the Throat, Chest and Skin. J. L. HALL, M.D., C.M. | Special attention given to diseases of the Eye and Ear. E. W. HALL, M. D., &c.
Office--Turner Block, Douglas street. Consultation free.

MEETINGS--TO BE HELD.

ST. ANDREWS and CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, Broughton street, between Government and Broad streets, on the FIRST FRIDAY of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
WILLIAM SCOTT, Secretary

AN ENTERTAINMENT IS GIVEN AT TEMperance Hall every Saturday evening. Good Temperance speakers and Musical Selections, with Recitations, forming a good programme. The Blue Ribbon Band will be in attendance. All are cordially invited. Chair taken at 7:30 o'clock precisely. S. GRAY, President.

ANYONE Can earn from two to five dollars a day by soliciting subscribers for the New Ladies' Domestic Magazine to be published in January. It is the best household paper in Canada, subscription only 50c. per year; bound to sell. The publishers are determined to secure a circulation of 50,000 to start with, and will send the Magazine for a whole year and a valuable present for 50c. Just think of it, this offer remains good for 60 days only. Address
ADELBERT MILES, Business Manager,
jan 12 D&W ST. ANDREWS, P. Q.

SUPREME COURT.

In the Supreme Court yesterday, in the case of Walkem vs. Higgins, Mr. Drake, Q. C., moved to apply for a postponement of the trial ordered for the 11th inst., on the ground that no jury list whatever for 1887, from which list a special jury must be selected, has been made out at all; or, in other words, that the officers appointed to frame a jury list have neglected their duty and left the plaintiff in this case, and others in his position, without any remedy. The second ground was that the officers mentioned in the Jurors' Act, namely, the Registrar of the Supreme Court, was not an existing officer, the office having been abolished and the District Registry office for Victoria, and other judicial districts having been substituted for it. Legislation to overcome this difficulty will be required during the present session. It is believed the Attorney General will introduce a bill to rectify the blunder, which it is alleged was a departmental one. The Chief Justice, pending such legislation, granted the motion for a postponement of the case.

A woman in Merced county, Cal., buried $2200 in gold in the cellar for safe keeping. Her seven-year-old boy discovered the hoard, however, and has distributed $700 of it among his playmates before he was found out.

Mexican Consul of the Western Branch of ... has been ... He is charged with embezzling ...

TAXPAYERS' BURDENS.

Canada's Financial Position Under Liberal and Conservative Governments.

An Able and Exhaustive Review of the Situation--Economy and Extravagance.

The financial position of Canada has been discussed in this city by members of Sir John's Cabinet and by one prominent Liberal. The leader of the Opposition, Hon. Edward Blake, has lately given attention to the subject and arrived at conclusions regarding the same which we herewith give. Both sides have thus been heard of, and the electors can now form their own judgment as to which of the statements they will accept as being the most reliable.

Hon. Edward Blake, in the course of his speech at Oakwood, said: I propose to give you a view of our financial course from another than the usual standpoint. We spend yearly large sums. They come from three sources, taxes, loans, and returns from public enterprises, etc., etc. I omit the last; and deal only with the first two; what we spend out of taxes and loans; what we pay out of our pockets as we go, and what we mortgage our estate for, to be repaid out of our pockets later, with interest meanwhile. I have here three tables, taken from the government statistics, save for 1886, which is estimated. The first covers the five years, 1874 to 1878 inclusive, approximately Mr. Mackenzie's term; the second the next five years, 1879 to 1883, approximately Sir John Macdonald's first term; the third the three years, 1884 to 1886, approximately Sir John Macdonald's second term. Before I give you the results let me remind you of the obvious fact that

FINANCIAL POLICY

requires time to develope fully its effects; and that there will sometimes continue active for a season after the reversal of the party. Thus established impulses towards and plans for economy, or for extravagance, are each felt for some time after the cessation of the active movement which they outlive. Therefore it is useful to look at the tendency of the expenditures in each series of years; to observe the general way in which they compare year after year, as well as the gross totals and the yearly averages. Such an examination will demonstrate very clearly the results of Mr. Mackenzie's efforts to save and of his successor's efforts to squander (cheers) each very successful, the last table evidencing the full development of the extravagant and ruinous policy of the government. My first table is from 1874 to 1878:

TABLE I.

Year.	Debt Increase.	Taxes.	Total.
1874	$8,176,500	$20,129,100	$28,305,600
1875	7,886,[illegible]	20,[illegible]	28,319,[illegible]
1876	8,[illegible]	18,614,[illegible]	27,137,[illegible]
1877	[illegible]	17,[illegible]	[illegible]
1878	7,126,700	17,841,900	24,968,600
Totals	$40,[illegible]	$94,[illegible]	$135,[illegible]
Averages	8,100,[illegible]	18,[illegible]	27,[illegible]

Now, dealing with this table, you will observe that the taxes during Mr. Mackenzie's term were ninety-five millions, or an average of nineteen millions a year, and, partly owing to diminished imports, but largely to the reduced value of merchandise, a smaller sum was collected in the latter than in the earlier part. The net debt created was forty and a half millions, or an average of $8,100,000 a year; and it was least in his last year. The sum of taxes and debt was one hundred and thirty five and a half millions, or an average of $27,100,000 a year; and it was steadily reduced every year, the last being $3,700,000 less than the first. (Cheers.) Now I take my second table dealing with

SIR JOHN MACDONALD'S FIRST FIVE YEARS.

TABLE II.

Year.		Debt. Increase or Decrease.	Taxes.	Total.
1879	Inc.	$2,[illegible]	$18,476,[illegible]	$21,101,[illegible]
1880	Inc.	3,[illegible]	18,479,[illegible]	21,[illegible]
1881	Inc.	2,[illegible]	23,942,100	26,[illegible]
1882	Dec.	1,734,100	27,549,000	25,814,900
1883	Inc.	4,[illegible]	29,269,000	34,074,[illegible]
Increase		19,[illegible]		
Decrease		1,734,100		
Totals		$18,184,[illegible]	$117,716,[illegible]	$135,[illegible]
Averages		3,[illegible]	23,543,[illegible]	27,164,[illegible]

During this term you see the taxes were $117,700,000, or an average of $23,540,000 a year, being an increase in taxes of $22,700,000, and an average increase of $4,540,000 a year over Mr. Mackenzie's term. This is bad enough, but the details make it worse, for during the first two years the taxes collected were only eighteen and a half millions yearly, and the whole increase and more was swept out of the people's pockets in the latter three years --1881 showing an increase over Mr. Mackenzie's average of five millions, 1882 of eight and a half millions, and 1883 of ten and a quarter millions, in all about twenty-four millions, or an average excess of eight millions a year, wrung out of your pockets by grinding taxation. [Cheers]. The candle was thus being burned very fast at one end. The full development of the policy was not equally rapid in all its parts.

THE FRUIT RIPENED MORE QUICKLY

on the tree of debt than on the tree of taxation. For a crop from that tree we must wait for the third term. During this second term the debt increased only $18,200,000, or an average of $3,620,000 a year. Of this the Tories boast, but you will see that the only difference is that a large part of the expenditure on capital account, formerly provided out of loans, was now met by taxes. [Applause]. This is shown by the aggregate results. They give a total of taxes and debt of $135,800,000, or an average of $27,160,000 a year; a little in excess of Mr. Mackenzie's average. But mark the sad contrast in the results year by year. Whereas during Mr. Mackenzie's time the sum of the yearly taxes and debts was falling, in this term a contrary result appears. [Cheers]. The first year, 1879, was controlled by the economical impulse of Mr. Mackenzie's policy, and the aggregate was only $21,200,000; but by the end of that year the impulse has been overcome, and the impulse towards extravagance had succeeded; so that in the last year, 1883, the sum was thirty-four millions, or thirteen millions in excess of Mr. Mackenzie's average. [Cheers]. And now I come to

THE THIRD TERM;

the last three years, when we reach the full development of the financial policy of the government. The signs of what was coming were not hid from all of us. We Liberals warned you in 1878, before the trees were planted, but you allowed them to be planted. We warned you in 1882, when one had borne and the other was ripening its bitter fruits, but you would not cut them down. Rather, you ploughed about them and manured them, and refreshed their vigor. My figures for 1886 are, of course, estimates; but I have repeatedly challenged the government to state the facts and to deny my estimate of the debt if they could, and they are dumb. This is the third table:

TABLE III.

Year.	Debt Increase.	Taxes.	Total.
1884	$[illegible]	$[illegible]	$[illegible]
1885	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1886 (estimated)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Totals	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Averages	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Thus you see that the taxation for the last three years has been $75,000,000, or an average of $25,000,000 a year, being in excess of Mr. Mackenzie's average by $6,300,000 a year, or one-third. (Applause.) There was thus an increase of $19,400,000 in three years in the taxes, and in the last six years the increased taxation has been no less than 43 millions. This again is bad enough, but again it is not the worst. Now, indeed, the candle is being burned at both ends with a vengeance. Besides paying all these taxes the debt has increased in the three years about 62 millions, making an average of $20,750,000 a year as against $8,100,000 a year in Mr. Mackenzie's time. It has grown at a rate 2½ times as great. Had Mr. Mackenzie increased the debt at the same rate his account would have been 104 millions instead of 40½ millions.

THE YEARLY CHARGE FOR INTEREST

thus created in three years has been 2½ millions exclusive of sinking fund. The debt of the last three years is larger than the debt of the whole last years before. So that while you have swollen taxes you have swollen debts as well. Now, what is the general result of this burning the candle at both ends? Why this. The sum of taxes and loans for the last three years was 137 millions; it was more than the whole five years of Mr. Mackenzie's time. (Cheers.) It averaged $45,700,000 a year as against his average of $27,100,000, or an average excess of $18,600,000 a year, and the last year is worst, as it ranges at over 49 millions, as I estimate, for one single year. (Cheers.) These are the results of that policy of retrenchment promised in 1878. This is the happy contrast between the lavish extravagance of Mr. Mackenzie and the prudent economy of his Tory successors. This is the financial policy which they ask you to approve and to applaud. (Loud cheers.)

EDITOR'S NOTE--Since Mr. Blake delivered the foregoing speech a return moved for last April has just been published and distributed, according to resolution of the House. The return is signed by "John A. Torrance, Dominion book-keeper," and dated Ottawa 31st of March, 1886. In this return appears the gross debt up to that date as at $281,318,484.06, less the assets--supposed to be good of $72,794,107.33, leaving the net debt of the Dominion on the 1st of last April at $208,524,376.73, to which has to be added the deficit of the year of $5,800,000 and the $10,000,000 taken back from the C. P. R. Company in lands. Thus it will be seen that the net debt of Canada at the present moment is considerably in excess of $230,000,000. Yet in the face of this return the Conservatives have the assurance to state that it is not more than $196,000,000. Their own servants' figures must now convince them of the necessity of keeping somewhere near the truth, for between the figures of the campaign touters and those of their own bookkeeper their is a difference of $34,000,000 at least.

CIVIL SERVICE BRIGADE.

A Class of Favored Individuals --Who the Pets are.

The great army of non-producers known as the civil service at Ottawa has been recruited enormously of late. These favored gentlemen work from 10 o'clock in the morning till 4 o'clock in the afternoon. That, at least, is the time they nominally work, but as a matter of fact the great bulk of them find in that space of time opportunity to consult the daily papers, eat their lunch and dawdle along till they are ready to troop forth on the hand of the clock pointing to 4. Of course there are hard-worked officers, but they are in a decided minority, and by no means receive the highest salaries, which go to Government pets. So great has this army become that no longer can desk room be found for them in the departmental buildings proper, and expensive quarters have to be rented and furnished outside for their accommodation. An immense building to house them is now being erected, and will cost not less than $500,000. We hear nothing of this in the columns of the organs that so clamorously object to the necessary Parliament buildings being provided for the Ontario Legislature. An instructive comparison is found in looking over the number of employes engaged in 1878 and 1885 respectively, showing the marked contrast between the practice of the government of Mr. Mackenzie and that of Sir John. The following was the number of employes:

Departments--	1878.	1885.
Governor-General's office	11	15
Privy Council office	12	7*
Department of Justice	12	[illegible]
Militia and Defence	32	[illegible]
Secretary of State's Department	26	[illegible]
Department of Interior	41	224
Department of Indian Affairs	None.	[illegible]
Auditor-General's office	None.	[illegible]
Finance Department	[illegible]	[illegible]
Department of Justice	37	[illegible]
Department of Inland Revenue	21	[illegible]
Department of Public Works	31	[illegible]
Department of Railways & Canals	None.	[illegible]
Postoffice Department	110	[illegible]
Department of Agriculture	20	[illegible]
Department of Marine and Fisheries	28	[illegible]
Receiver-General's office	[illegible]	
Total	440	1,170

An increase in seven years of 730. Receiver-General's office abolished in 1880.

Adding to these the 30 employes of the Senate and the 237 engaged in the House of Commons, we have a total of 1,437 persons engaged by the government, and these, with their families--a large-sized town--have to be supported out of the burdens levied upon the people of Canada.

Appointments.

Prior to the decision of the Cabinet to dissolve the House of Commons the following appointments were made by order-in-council and will appear in the *Gazette* in due course. Mr. J. P. Woods, of Osgoode Hall, barrister-at-law, has been appointed Judge of the County Court of Perth, Ontario, vice Home Lizars, deceased; and also local Judge of the High Court of Justice of Ontario. F. ... of Carleton Place, has been appointed ... collector in Her Majesty's Customs. The appointment of Mr. Wm. Himsworth as Chief Clerk of the Department of Inland Revenue is gazetted dated the 1st of July, 1884, as Chief Clerk and Secretary of the Department the 30th of June, 1885.

THE NORTHERN ROUTE.

The Canadian Pacific and Its Trans-American Competitors.

Possible Development of Canada's Trade with the East.

United States journals have for some time past kept a close watch upon the growing importance of the Canadian Pacific Railway as a competitor for the trade of the east. The rapidity with which the construction of the northern route was completed and the alacrity with which all channels of trade are being availed of, have naturally aroused some little apprehension for the future. Recent events have tended to intensify that feeling. The announcement, for instance, that a new line of steamers is to be put on between the Pacific Coast of Canada and China and Japan, has caused quite a stir among dealers in the eastern trade of the United States. Those in the tea trade especially see in the new Canadian Pacific service a competitor of no mean order. Speaking of this and other possible developments of Canadian trade with the east, Rand, McNally & Co's *Banker's Monthly* recently says: During the past season, in order to attract business, the Canada Pacific road has been handling cargoes of tea on the basis of 1½ cents a pound from Japan to New York.

THIS CUT IN RATES,

of course, threw the Central and Northern Pacific Roads clear into the shade, and, as a natural consequence, five cargoes of tea, valued at $2,000,000, have already been landed at Port Moody, and conveyed east via the Canadian Pacific. The tea trade of this country with China and Japan is no inconsiderable item of our foreign commerce. Last year we imported from Japan 32,156,000 pounds, from China, 35,950,000 lbs.; from Hong-Kong, 113,000 pounds; in all 68,000,000 pounds, valued at more than 18,000,000 dollars. The bulk of this was entered at New York, a little at San Francisco, and at Portland. Hitherto New York has been the great importing centre; but Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis, under the new arrangement, would soon be likely to take it from her hands.

In the matter of distance, if in nothing else, the new steamship line would have an advantage over all competitors. A writer in the *Boston Herald* says:--"It is 4,324 miles from Puget Sound to Yokohama, and 4,880 from San Francisco to Yokohama. The present time of the Pacific mail steamers is about nine knots per hour, or twenty-two days between the two ports. The same rate of speed will give a gain of two days in favor of

THE NORTHERN ROUTE.

The steamers from San Francisco are run with coal mined at Puget Sound, or that brought from England as ballast by the grain ships. Last year 176,000 tons of foreign coal were received at San Francisco. On the contrary, the steamers putting out for Yokohama from this port will fill their bunkers from the mines all along this great waterway--an important item in the matter of cost. With a line of steamers, tea will be put down in Chicago, by fast freight, in twenty-six days from Yokohama; in New York and Boston in thirty days." More than this, such a coal northern route could, easily take the place of the present tropical line running between London and Hongkong. The tea trade of England is much greater than that of this country. The United States, with nearly 60,000,000 people, needs only 68,000,000 lbs., while England, with several millions less, imported, in 1884, 213,000,000 lbs. A portion of this was re-exported to other countries. The advertised time for the Peninsular and Oriental Steamship Company is forty-six days between London and Hongkong, via Gibraltar and Suez. The run to Shanghai is three days more, forty-nine days, and to Yokohama fifty-two days. The steamers must take coal at Aden or Ceylon.

SO MUCH COAL SPACE

is needed that the space for cargo is seriously diminished. The coal must all be carried to the coaling points from the mines of England or Australia. But the route between China and England via this great northern gateway, will give only twenty days from Yokohama to Port Moody, eight days of fast freight between Port Moody and Montreal, including trans-shipment, and nine days between Montreal and Liverpool, or thirty-seven between Yokohama and Liverpool. Still further, as the same writer suggests, this new line could be made as serviceable for export trade as for import. Before the war, cotton cloths manufactured in the looms of Lowell took the lead in China. When the Alabama swept the American flag from the seas, she swept American cotton out of China, and that lost trade never has been regained. We sent out last year 74,000 yards of colored and 51,000,000 yards of uncolored cottons to that country, valued at $3,400,000. The balance of $10,000,000 for tea against us was paid mostly in cash.

WHAT ENGLAND DOES.

England, on the other hand, buys our cotton, transports it across the Atlantic, makes it into cloth, and with that supplies the wants of China. The latest statistics on the subject credit England with selling to China direct 215,000,000 yards, to Hong Kong 137,000,000 yards of coloured goods, valued at $21,000,000. We sent to Japan last year 80,000,000 yards. She sent almost nothing. The island of Java took from the looms of England last year more than 100,000,000 yards of cottons; the Philippines purchased nearly 100,000,000 more--all from cotton grown on American soil; but not a single yard sold in these islands was manufactured in American looms.

A REVOLUTION.

It seems quite probable, therefore, in view of all the facts in the case, that, should this new enterprise be inaugurated, it might make quite a revolution in the future of our foreign trade. The Northern Pacific road would hardly be able to put on a competing line of steamers, having no mail patronage to offset this much helped railroad of the Dominion. The Canadian Pacific is certainly making a vigorous push for business. Agents have been established at all the principal points along the coast, and its San Francisco steamer brings weekly quite a quantity of freight, principally, thus far, canned goods, barrelled salmon, etc., for American cities east. The American roads, spurred by the competition, have already made heavy reductions in east-bound freight rates. This new northern competition, it is evident, is not to be sneezed at, and the various American roads from the Pacific coast will do well to look after their laurels.

General Boulanger, the French Minister of War, has refused to grant an audience with ... journalist.

Churchill's Bolt.

T. P. Gill, M. P., telegraphs to the New York *Tribune* from London, Lord Churchill's recent sensational speech, which opens a new and startling crisis. He has flung over the Marquis of Salisbury and the Tory party; has assailed Lord Hartington and the Liberal Unionists, and strangest of all, has cut asunder the shadowy tie that was supposed to have linked him with Chamberlain. Lord Randolph's attack upon the Unionists, both Tory and Liberal, was as powerful as unexpected. The object of Churchill's performance is clear. It is what I predicted it would be months ago, when I prepared you for his approaching resignation, and at the same time said he had no idea of joining his fortunes with those of the politician who had made so stupid a wreck of himself as Chamberlain. He had seen that he cannot work with the element of Toryism, and has made up his mind to try to form a new party out of the young Tory democracy, who believe in him. He has appealed from the Tory party and the House of Commons to the people, and he recalled the fact that it is only four years since there was hardly a Tory member in the House who could afford him a civil look. He fought them with people at his back, and he will fight them again. To say the speech has caused consternation among the Tory and Liberal Unionist ranks is to use a mild expression. Lord Hartington, whom he compared to a rotten crutch, glared at him in dumb fury while he spoke. There is no doubt that he has severely damaged the government, and there seems little doubt, whether his victory shall come soon, or with a Gladstonian triumph intervening, that come it will; and that if Toryism is to have any future in England at all, Churchill is its declared leader.

OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Annual Report of the Superintendent of Education.

Some Facts and Figures About Our Growing School System.

The fifteenth annual report of the public schools of the province, which was submitted to the Legislature a few days ago, contains detailed information in regard to every school in the province, besides a mass of general information on educational matters, from which we compile the following *resume*:

The general record of the year is pronounced a satisfactory one, showing as it does an increase in the number of pupils in attendance and the number of schools in operation, as well as an improvement in the general progress of the pupils. The first two facts are naturally accounted for by our rapidly increasing population and the latter by greater efficiency on the part of teachers.

While the percentage of average attendance has increased from 51.39 in the previous year to 55.50 in the past year--a most creditable showing--yet it is not as large as it should be on comparing the cost of each pupil on enrolment and average attendance, which in the former instance was $17.78, and in the latter $32.04.

The number of schools in operation during the year was 83, as follows: Seventy-one common, seven graded, two ward and three high schools. These gave employment to 101 teachers.

Schools were established in the following newly created districts: Beaver Point, Cadboro, Courtenay, Cowichan South, Departure Bay, Nicola, North Thompson, Oyster, Stave River, St. Mary's Mission. The school on Denman Island, which for some time had been closed, was re-opened.

The aggregate number of pupils enrolled was 4,471, an increase of 444, and the average actual daily attendance was 2,481.48, an increase of 391.74. The total number of visits made by trustees and others was 12,935, an increase of 6,680.

The expenditure for education proper was as follows: For teachers salaries, $70,337.10; for incidental expenses, including rent, $5,833.01; for education offices, $3,357.45; total, $79,527.56. This shows an increase of $8,376.04 over the cost of the previous year.

In the construction of school houses, $16,613.70, and for furniture, repairs, &c., $2,474, were expended; total $19,088.58, or a grand total for all educational purposes of $98,616.14.

The growth of the schools and increasing cost of maintenance is shown by the following comparative statement for the last five years:

Year.	No of Districts.	On Roll.	Av. D'ly Attend.	Exp. for Ed. proper
1881-2	50	2,653	1,358.6[illegible]	49,[illegible]
1882-3	59	2,693	1,383.00	50,850.[illegible]
1883-4	67	3,420	1,808.[illegible]	60,655.[illegible]
1884-5	78	4,027	2,089.74	71,151.[illegible]
1885-6	86	4,471	2,481.48	79,527.56

During the year 1885-6 the number of boys enrolled was, 2430, an increase of 252; number of girls, 2041, an increase of 192. Of the above enrollment, 157 were in high schools, an increase of 23.

The number of teachers employed on the staff for the current year, 1886-7, are 61 males and 48 females, the highest salary paid being $110 and the lowest $50, per month.

An increased desire on the part of trustees to secure the services of thoroughly qualified teachers has been apparent and nearly two-thirds of the whole number on the present staff are holders of the highest certificates.

A summary of visits recorded gives: By Trustees, 1,586; by parents and others, 10,993; by Superintendent of Education, 356; total, 12,935. At no previous time has there been such a favorable record as this.

The cost of each pupil to the Province for the year, as estimated by average attendance, has been in some cases extraordinarily high. We give a few figures. At Wellington it was $21.85; Bakerville, $63.20; Big Bar, $46.00; Burgoyne Bay, $36.70; Cache Creek (boarding school), $65.23; Cadboro, $45.03; North Cedar, $22.48; South Cedar, $40.23; Cedar Hill, $31.93; Chemainus, $33.94; Chilliwhack, $35.65; Clinton, $77.47; Cowichan, $39.81; Craigflower, $43.45; Esquimalt, $22.49; Granville, (Vancouver) $17.02; Lillooet, $68.49; Lytton, $58.54; Moodyville, $34.62; Nicola, $63.33; Nicola Lake, $68.30; Nicola Valley, $92.47; Okanagan, $59.69; Port Moody, $29.63; Quesnelle, $89.37; North Saanich, $54.21; South Saanich, $31.20; Shawnigan, $45.27; Williams Lake, $83.18; Yale, $22.08. The expenditure has averaged in the whole province, including Victoria, about $40 per pupil (average attendance), which is probably the highest average in the Dominion, and certainly is not exceeded by many states in U.S.

A TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

A Train Goes Through a Bridge--Fearful Loss of Life.

Quebec's Financial Position--Startling Scandals.

Liberal Prospects in Quebec--Exciting Political Gatherings.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Feb. 5.--A passenger train bound from Boston to Montreal went through the bridge at White River Junction this morning. The coaches took fire and were burned together with the bridge. Twenty-nine persons were killed and thirty-two injured, a few of whom were Montrealers.

SCANDALOUS REVELATIONS.

QUEBEC, Feb. 5.--It is rumored that Mercier and his colleagues have discovered a shortage of over a million dollars in the accounts of the late government. It is whispered in ministerial circles that the province is on the eve of disclosures involving a terrible financial scandal.

LIBERAL PROSPECTS.

Le Electeur claims that the federal opposition will carry forty constituencies in the province of Quebec in the pending contest.

A REMARKABLE MEETING.

HALIFAX, Feb. 5.--The most remarkable political gathering ever held in this country took place to-night. The Drill Shed was completely packed, and thousands outside could not get in. Tupper attempted to speak, but rowdies would not let him. Jones then tried to speak, but an uproar ensued. A fight then took place, when hundreds of dollars worth of furniture was destroyed and every window smashed. There was no person badly hurt.

GOT HIS REWARD.

HAMILTON, Ont. Feb. 5.--Mr. Kilvert, ex-M. P., for Hamilton, has been appointed Collector of Customs here.

POLITICS IN WINNIPEG.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 5.--The largest political meeting ever held in the province was the joint meeting of Liberals and Conservatives held here last night. Hundreds turned away unable to gain admission. A fight took place on the platform, which was joined in by many. The police separated the combatants. Bearth stated that he had received a telegram from Sir John denying that he would resign the Premiership in favor of Tupper after the elections.

PRISONERS LIBERATED.

Big Bear, the famous Cree chief, and three other Indians, who took part in the late rebellion, were to-day set free from the penitentiary, by order of the government. All the rebellion prisoners are now released.

ANOTHER KING "COAL"--A BACHELOR'S GROWL.

To the Editor of The Times:

SIR,--It is beyond dispute that as fuel for weather, such as we are at present enjoying, or enduring, according to individual taste, coal has many points of superiority over wood. While frost paralyses the water service, and the wintry wind penetrates through the countless crevices of his over-ventilated mansion, a lonely celibate finds his comfort materially increased by possession of the wherewithal to keep up a fire well into the hours of rest. Why, then, does the humble individual who now addresses you and your readers rise, ever and anon, from the enjoyment of pipe and book, to cast upon his blazing hearth another billet and mingle with the enjoyment of cheerful warmth now present the gloomy anticipation of early morning's piercing chills, when he must seek again his fire; not as Prometheus from heaven, but with maledictions suggestive rather of the brimstone of the matches which tremble in his benumbed fingers? The reason, Mr. Editor, is this: On applying to-day for the replenishment of my modest bin, I was informed that here, within a few hours' distance of illimitable coal fields; here, where, of all places in the world, the "dusky diamonds" ought to be within the reach of the most slender purse, there is at present none of the article in the market, save in the hands of a single individual, who demands for this necessity of life the reasonable price of *ten dollars per ton!* While his temporary advantage lasts (and fortunately he cannot prohibit his competitors from all means of transportation) this mammon-worshipper may heap into his already well-filled coffers a few extra hundreds. But can good fortune attend such unscrupulous greed, or is such conduct calculated to raise him in the popular estimation? Is it likely, for instance, to further his ambition--should he ever entertain any--for civic or parliamentary honors, or even to lend weight to his voice in any public assemblage? That the majority of those who, for a few days, must make a forced contribution to this plutocrat, will probably not feel the burden is no excuse for the positive suffering which must necessarily be inflicted upon some, at least, of narrow means. I trust that not a few, rather than swell the triumph of avarice even by a few cents, will prefer, as I do, to expend a dollar or two upon the convenient bundles of the "heathen Chinee" and sit contentedly before a blaze of wood until the coal supply shall again equal the demand.

CELEBS.

Victoria, February 4, 1887.

NO CONNECTION.

To the Editor of The Times:

SIR,--In this morning's issue of the Colonist there appears a statement from Mr. C. W. Moberly, of Athabasca Railway Company, disclaiming all connection with the Ainsworth company or their agents. I do not think any one ever heard the rumor but himself. Such a disclaimer was, however, unnecessary, for if he were connected with those gentlemen his scheme would command respect, and the deposit or guarantee, which he will be expected to give, would be forthcoming when required. Does he want to promote his visionary enterprise by inflicting a guaranteed and honorable undertaking. We shall see.

VERITAS.

--Photographer views along the line of ... Dimitry ...

THE DAILY TIMES,

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON, [illegible]

By the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Lim'td.

At the Office of Publication, Yates Street, [illegible], Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION TERMS.

Delivered by Carriers in any part of the city, [illegible] the week, for .... [illegible]

If paid in advance, one year for .... [illegible]

" " six months .... [illegible]

" " three months .... [illegible]

Mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain, daily, per annum .... [illegible]

Subscribers by the week will oblige by paying the collector promptly.

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Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain, as follows:

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Advertising Rates:

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line, solid nonpareil: First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line for each insertion. No advertisement in this classification inserted for less than [illegible].

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing business—published at the following rate per line space of solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering. [illegible]

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Advertisements discontinued before expiration of specified period will be charged the same as if continued for full time.

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on wood.

Advertising Rates for The Weekly Times:

THE WEEKLY TIMES enjoys the largest circulation in British Columbia, and is therefore an unrivaled advertising medium. Those who have tested the matter will cheerfully endorse this statement. A limited number of advertisements will be inserted at rates which can be ascertained on application at the office.

A special discount will be made to long term advertisers, in both daily and weekly editions.

J. C. McLAGAN, Manager.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Saturday, Feb. 5, 1887.

RACE AND REVENGE CRY.

The present is not the only occasion on which the race and revenge cry has been raised in Canada. There are many in this city and province whose recollection of political affairs extends back as far as 1854-5, when the McNab-Macdonald administration was in power, and found themselves defeated on a public question of some importance arising out of what was known as the "Corrigan Murder." On the 17th October, 1855, a Protestant named Robert Corrigan had been murdered by a crowd of ruffians assembled at a cattle fair in the parish of St. Sylvestre, in the County of Lotbinière, Lower Canada. In the following February Richard Kelly and six other Irish Roman Catholics were placed on trial for the murder. The trial took place in the Court of Queen's Bench, Que. The jury was entirely composed of Roman Catholics, and Judge Duval, who presided, was of the same faith. The trial lasted several days, and a mass of evidence was taken. There could not well have been a clearer case, and there surely could have been no doubt, by anyone who heard the evidence, as to the guilt of the prisoners. The murder was attended by circumstances of the most revolting brutality, and one cannot read the report of the trial, even at this distance of time, without horror and disgust. Yet in defiance of the plainest evidence, the jury returned a verdict of 'not guilty,' and the prisoners were acquitted. Such a miscarriage of justice might well cause a sensation. Throughout Western Canada the outcry was loud and deep. It was said there was no law for Protestants of the Lower Province, and that their lives were at the mercy of their Roman Catholic fellow subjects. The press, headed by the *Globe*, took the matter up with tremendous fervor, clamouring for the formation of a new party to guard the interests of Protestants and to oppose Romish domination. The excitement penetrated to all classes of society, and the public mind had not been so stirred since the debates of the Rebellion Losses Bill. On the night of Friday, 7th March, Mr. John Hillyard Cameron then Grand Master of the Orange Association, brought the matter before the Assembly by moving an address to the Governor for the production of a copy of Judge Duval's charge, which, as Mr. Cameron alleged, contained statements which could hardly have been made by any man who had anything like a fair acquaintance with the manner in which the criminal laws ought to be administered.' Such a very positive expression as that, emanating from a gentleman who was perhaps the ablest criminal lawyer ever known to the Canadian Bar, produced a decided effect upon the House. The Ministry found themselves on the horns of an unpleasant dilemma. The Lower Canadian members, to whom they looked for support were opposed to any reflection on Judge Duval's wisdom and integrity. The Upper Canadians, Conservatives as well as Reformers, were almost to a man in favor of Mr. Cameron's motion. The Ministry, after deliberation, refused to sanction the proceeding, and took the ground that to order the production of Judge Duval's charge would be to infringe on the independence of the judiciary. The motion came up on the night of the tenth—three days after its first introduction—and after being fully debated on both sides, was carried against the Ministry by a vote of 48 to 44. All the Upper Canadian Ministerialists voted for the motion except Dr. Clarke, North Wellington, and Mr. James Ross, Northumberland. This was an unmistakable defeat. Attorney-General Drummond hurriedly moved an adjournment of the House."

There were 295,800 votes polled at the Ontario Provincial elections. The Liberal majority was 10,212. This majority includes the largest bona fide aggregate majority ever polled by a political party in Ontario.

PRINCIPLES BEFORE PARTY.

The Winnipeg *Sun* has ever fought most valiantly for the best interests of that city, the province of Manitoba and the Northwest, in preference to party. In a recent issue reference is made by it to the position thus taken: "In the columns of this paper we have constantly urged upon both political parties in this province the necessity of placing provincial concerns above mere party interests. We have sought to teach the doctrine that however we may differ in minor matters or general policy, on purely provincial questions we should be as one man. The adoption of such a policy should be dictated by the very first principles of self-preservation, but it took a long time and several severe lessons to thoroughly inculcate it. The Liberals, of course, early adopted the provincial rights platform, because they had at the time nothing to lose and everything to gain by so doing. The Conservatives being in office, and their own political friends being the offenders, did not readily follow suit, and, in fact, allowed a few extreme partizans to place them in an entirely false position. For a long time Sir John Macdonald was able to say, with a considerable show of truth, when monopoly was attacked that the people of Manitoba seemed rather to like it. He can no longer seek refuge in any such pretext. A healthy public opinion has been created in the province, that insists upon principles being put before party, and that demands certain pledges of candidates, no go by. This a condition of affairs for which we have long contended, that men should be sent to Ottawa who are Manitobans before every other consideration." The foregoing applies with much greater force to this city and province than ever it did to the Northwest. It is not long since the Hon. Thos. White, Minister of the Interior, asserted that the government was doing too much for Manitoba. That the people and settlers of that province were in fact being "spoon fed," and that they should be contented. A glance through the public accounts will at once convince the most skeptical of the correctness of the hon. gentleman's assertion, for in the matter of expenditure as compared with revenue Manitoba's wants have been most prodigally dealt with. Towards British Columbia a policy reverse of that adopted for Manitoba has prevailed for years. It is simply thus: That for every dollar the province contributes to the treasury of the Dominion, for our actual wants and requirements, in return we get but a few cents. There can be no disputing this fact; the Auditor General's accounts published to the world says so. How long, then, are we going to continue to be the heavy burdened tax-payers that the blue books—incontrovertible authorities—show we are for the benefit of the opulent monopolists and boodlers of the east? Such, however, is the result of party politics, and outlaying provinces adhering too rigidly to the skirts of those in power. So long as Sir John Macdonald knew that the contingent from this province was safe and sure to vote for him once when right and twice when in the wrong, it gave him the impression that our representatives were powerless, and help ourselves we could not. Notwithstanding the ill treatment accorded us, there are still to be found in our midst enthusiastic individuals so blind to the interests and prosperity of Victoria that an effort is to be made to perpetuate a condition of affairs that is certain to bring disaster and ruin upon our city. The Times has raised its warning voice, and pointed out breakers that are ahead which should be avoided. This can readily be accomplished. That which the government has already achieved for inferior river and lake ports in the east, where support was to be gained, it surely should follow out to a seaport city of Victoria's importance—the fourth in the Dominion for revenue purposes. The battle we are fighting single-handed. It is not one of ours alone; it is that of every property owner and taxpayer in the city. The men into whose custody was committed the trust of watching our position in the great council of the nation over four years ago are again before the electors for a renewal of their confidence. As yet they have not given an account of their stewardship to their constituents. It is to be hoped they will do so at an early date. Meantime their admirers may well be asked the question, what have they done for Victoria's interests during their term of office?

MINORITY REPRESENTATION.

Much has been said and written about Mr. Mowat's redistribution of the Ontario seats, says the St. John, N. B., *Telegraph*, and Toronto has been cited as an instance.

What Mr. Mowat did there was to give the city a third representative. But the electors who were allowed to vote for two candidates before were still confined to that number. The object was to give representation to the minority. It was a fine experiment in minority representation, a measure long advocated by Mr. Blake and other Liberal leaders. The plan adopted may not be the best, and if a better can be found no doubt it will be adopted. We shall be glad to see the principle of minority representation further extended. If made general it is quite as fair to one party as the other and tends not only to give a more complete representation to the people at large, but also to prevent those sweeping majorities, first one way and then the other which sometimes give to an election the effect of a revolution. There have been several plans proposed for giving representation to minorities. In the voting for election of English school boards the cumulative vote has been tried, and apparently works well. In electing a board of say five members, each elector has five votes and is allowed to vote for each of five candidates, or to give all his votes for one candidate, or to divide them between two or more in such proportion as he pleases. Mr. Mowat adopted another plan, which we do not like so well, though the result is the same. It is claimed that he should have divided the city into three constituencies instead of having the three representatives chosen jointly by the entire city. There are examples of both kinds in the representation of dominion constituencies for the manner of which the present Dominion government is responsible. Cape Breton county, Halifax, Hamilton, each of the three counties in Prince Edward Island, Ottawa city, Pictou county, St. John city and county, and our own city of Victoria, are instances of dominion constituencies returning two members each to the commons. On the other hand Quebec, Montreal and Toronto are separated into divisions, each returning one member, and many of the larger counties of Ontario are in like manner divided into ridings.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

A former editor of the *Mail*, says the Montreal *Witness*, in conversation recently with a *Witness* reporter relative to the policy now being pursued by that journal said that Mr. Bunting would not sell out for less than $750,000, and, as the Conservatives would not purchase at that figure, they would probably take the *World*.

The rumor that the Dominion Government in response to a vigorous protest from Winnipeg Conservatives will abandon its policy of disallowance, elicits the following comments from the Calgary *Tribune*: "If the veto repeatedly placed by the Dominion Government upon the railway acts of the Manitoba Legislature was right, then what a miserable spectacle does that government present when it proposes to withdraw the veto because the exigencies of a political campaign seems to demand it! On the other hand, if the veto was wrong, in how doubly a despicable a light that government must be regarded which only redresses that wrong when impelled to do so by the fear of losing their tenure of office!"

An extensive development of railways is said to be on the eve of taking place in Minnesota, Dakota and Montana, to forward which $70,000,000 is reported to have been arranged for in the East. Last year 1500 miles were constructed in these States and adjacent territories, and a greater length is likely to be built this year. The projectors of some of these roads have it in contemplation to tap our Northwest. The Duluth and Manitoba road, now completed as far as the Grand Forks, will ultimately be carried to the international frontier. This road would bring Winnipeg within 440 miles of Duluth; but as the distance is 100 miles greater than by the C. P. R. route, the new road need scarcely be expected to work a revolution, even if the difficulty of connection at the international frontier were got over, but it would bring competition. The contract for the bridge at the Sault Ste Marie is let, and is expected to be ready for use in a year's time.

Right Hon. Sir Michael Morris, Bart., who has just been appointed Lord Chief Justice of Ireland, is the eldest son of the late Martin Morris, of Spiddle, county Galway, and was born in 1827. He received his education at Erasmus Smith's College, Galway, and at Trinity College, Dublin, where he graduated in 1847, and was First Senior Moderator and gold medalist. He was called to the bar in Ireland in 1849, and made a Queen's Counsel in 1863. Sir Michael, who was High Sheriff in 1849-50, held the office of Recorder of Galway from 1857 till 1865. The representative of one of the old families known as the "Tribes of Galway," he was first elected as one of the members in Parliament of the borough of Galway, on independent principles, in 1865; was subsequently twice re-elected without opposition, on his appointment as Solicitor-General for Ireland (1866), and as Attorney-General (1866), in Lord Derby's government; and retained the seat until he was raised to the bench as one of the Judges of the Common Pleas in Ireland in 1867. He became Chief Justice of the Common Pleas in 1876, and was made a Baronet in 1885.

Woman's Field of Work.

Do you ever think of the great change that has come about in the last ten or twelve years in regard to woman's work? Ten years ago the sight of a woman as cashier in any of our stores was a novelty, and such a thing as one in an insurance office or law office or "among the men" was scarcely thought of. Go where you will in our city to-day and you will find women earning their way and doing their work well. They are our stenographers, typewriters, copyists, cashiers, clerks and workers in many ways. Every manufacturer who can employ them does so. They are in the postoffice, pension office and other government departments, and you needn't be surprised to find them scattered through the city hall when there comes a deal by which candidates can be elected unpledged. And right here it may be said, as a hint to candidates, that one good looking, worthy young lady would influence more votes in Detroit than any five young men you can name. If a situation for her depended on any certain candidate's election he would be pretty certain to get there.—M. Quad in Detroit Free Press.

A Very Handsome Woman.

One of the most enticing women I ever met—and it is quite a fancy of mine to meet and study enticing women—was "Sherwood Bonner," otherwise known in private life as Katherine McDowell. She was a woman built on the pattern "magnifique." Tall, well rounded out in figure, with the gait and manner of an empress. She wore the [illegible] costume, and was adorable in it. She made a study of the matter, and adapted it to herself and to the prevailing fashions. There were no [illegible] arrangements at the back nor kitchen [illegible] arrangements at the front. She simply discarded corsets, skirts and waists. She wore a combination garment very like Mrs. Miller's affair, and over this her dress. This, very often in black lace, with long trained skirt, followed the lines of her figure perfectly, though easily. She looked equally well whether she walked, rode or sat down. But as I have said before, I say again, Mrs. McDowell was a very handsome woman.—Cor. New York Graphic.

Beautiful Sunlight Effect.

It is well to see the warmth we cannot feel, and we know of no more effective way of gratifying the eye than to place panes of ruby glass in or near the door. The effect of the sunlight through this medium in a hall is very beautiful.—Chicago Herald.

PERTINENT QUESTIONS

Did you ever buy any DRY GOODS or MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS that have pleased you as well or gave you such satisfaction as the Goods bought at our Store?

25 inch Grey Homespun Dress Goods	$ 20
25 inch Dress Flannels, black and colors	25
25 inch do. do. All Wool	35
42 inch Cashmeres Black and Colors	40
44 inch French do. do.	65
25 inch Scotch Homespuns Dress Goods in Light and dark Gray	35
26 inch Fine Black Velveteen	60
26 inch Colored do.	75
50 DOZEN	
Size 12x36 Linen Towels	12½
25 Yds., Unbleached Cotton for	1 00
12 Yds., do. do. Heavy	1 00
12 Yds., Canton Flannel	1 00
2 Yds., Wide Unbleached Sheeting	25
2 Yds., Wide White do. do.	35
12 Yds., White Cotton	1 00
9 Yds., do. Fine 36 inches Wide	1 00
15 DOZEN	
Ladies Cashmere Hose	40
40 DOZEN	
Ladies Cashmere Hose, Seamless	50
100 PAIRS	
Ladies Coraline Corsets in Gold and Scarlet per Pair	75
50 PAIRS	
Crompton's Coraline Corsets	1 00
75 PAIRS	
The famous Coiled Wire	1 25
A full line of Blankets and Comforters at our usually low prices	
Mens Heavy Wool Undershirts	75
Mens Scarlet do. do.	90
Mens Vicuna Merino	1 15
Mens Lambs Wool $1.25 $1.37	1 50
All Wool Sox per pair	25
Mens Heavy Home Knit 3 for	1 00

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WM. O'REILLY, Manager.

☞ All Goods Marked in Plain Figures. jan13 D&W

COAL! COAL!

The Vancouver Coal Mining and Land Company (Limited.)

Best Vancouver Coal

$7 PER TON OF 2000 LBS.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

The above Coal is Hand-Picked and of the Best Quality.

WM. CROFT.

OFFICE—FOOT of YATES STREET. jan21 1m

COAL! COAL!

HALL & GOEPEL,

AGAIN TO THE FRONT WITH

Best Double Screened

WELLINGTON COAL,

Weight guaranteed. Delivered to all parts of the city free of charge.

OFFICE:

Government Street,

Next Door to the Telegraph Office. nov5

Wood and Coal.

Consumers, Attention!

VANCOUVER COAL,

Of a superior quality, delivered in any part of the city, at $7 per ton. Also,

GOOD WOOD!

Delivered at current rates PER CORD (and loads).

☞ All orders left at J. FINLAYSON'S store, corner of Broughton and Government streets, or at the SCOTCH BAKERY, Douglas street, will receive prompt attention from the undersigned. A. C. HOWE. nov27 1m

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First-Class Cordwood, and [illegible]

Cedar Posts and Pales for sale, and delivered to all parts of the city, at reasonable rates.

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CLOTHING AT COST!

A Genuine Clearance Sale of Clothing

AT COST FOR CASH,

Prior to Stock Taking, will take place at

The Golden Rule Clothing Store,

Commencing MONDAY January 17th, and Continuing Thirty Days.

Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits.

Men's, Youths' and Boys' Overcoats.

Men's, Youth's and Boys' Pants.

All to be Sold at Cost Price, for Cash, at

THE GOLDEN RULE CLOTHING STORE, - - YATES STREET.

jan14

THE GENUINE

BELL ORGAN.

MANUFACTURED BY W. BELL & CO., GUELPH, ONT.

Is the pioneer in Canada, is today the only recognized *High Class Instrument* manufactured in the country.

The Superiority OF THE Bell Organ has been demonstrated at all the World's Fairs, and the demand is constantly increasing.

Intending purchasers will do well to call on the AGENTS FOR VICTORIA,

C. A. LOMBARD & Co.,

Government Street. sep12

The Cash Store!

ERSKINE'S

Boot and Shoe Emporium,

Corner Government & Johnson Sts.

BEST VALUE IN TOWN.

City Auction Mart,

CORNER OF JOHNSON AND GOVERNMENT STREETS.

W. DUFOUR & CO.,

Real Estate and General Auctioneers,

Have now made improvements in their large and specious premises, and are prepared to receive any class of Goods or Merchandise on Consignment, having the best facilities for disposing of the same. Prompt Returns.

Real Estate, Farm Lands and Farm Stock a Specialty.

jan11 1m W. DUFOUR & CO., Auctioneers.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

If you will call on us you will find that our Stock of BOOTS and SHOES is well-selected throughout. We make a SPECIALTY OF REPAIRING; for neatness we cannot be beat. You will find us at—

112 Government Street. IRVING BROS.

NOTICE.

Just Received from Eastern Markets, a Fine Line of

Chinchilla & Cheviot

SATIN LINED

OVERCOATS

Ordered expressly for my customers.

Fur Capes and Cuffs for gentlemen; Boys Fancy Overcoats; Fur Caps for men and boys.

—ALSO—

Tweed Pants, from $3 upwards; Black walking Coats at $4.50 each; Sack Coats, $2.50 each; Diagonal Suits at $9 per suit. And a full line of

Furnishing Goods, Clothing, Hats, Trunks, Notions, Etc.

LEWIS LEWIS,

YATES STREET. jn 29-1m

NOTICE.

I HAVE TAKEN THE LEADERSHIP AND Management of the

Queen City Quintette Band,

And will furnish first Class Music for Parties, Hops, Balls, Socials, Theatricals hereafter by the name of Queen City Orchestra.

L. F. H. BAERNSTEIN.

care Frank Campbell Jr.

Victoria B. C. jan 10-1m

A. A. Aaronson,

PAWNBROKER.

Money advanced to any amount on Diamonds, Watches, Trinkets, Trunks and Contents, or on any Approved Security.

Ladies and Gentlemen's Cast-off Clothing purchased. Parties waited on at their residences. INDIAN CURIOS in rare and endless variety. Note the address—Johnson Street between Broad and Government. d1

FOR SALE.

The Victoria House, Dry Goods Business,

ESTABLISHED 21 YEARS, AND NOW DOING a profitable trade.

The undersigned, wishing to retire, offers the well assorted Stock for sale en bloc.

The brick Store, 25x70, with fixtures complete, can be leased for a term of years; also the brick Warehouse in the rear, with entrance from Broad Street.

WILLIAM DENNY.

Government St., Victoria, B. C.

The business will be carried on as usual giving the very best value for cash. jan 10

BROWN'S

Climax Washing Powder.

Awarded First Prize at B. C. Exhibition. Increased sales. REDUCED PRICES. Large packages, 40c; do. small, 20c.

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

W. JACKSON, Jr. Manufacturer's Agent, cor. Broad and Johnson Streets. nov8

Samuel May & Co.,

TORONTO

Manufacturers of

Billiard & Pool Tables,

With Steel and Monarch Cushions.

Importers of and Dealers in all kinds of

BILLIARD MATERIAL

Ten Pin Alley Balls Pins, &c.

Always in stock the B. C. Agency:

R. G. & R. WALKER, Spencer's Arcade, Victoria.

COMPLETE REVOLUTION IN

Monumental Work.

WHITE BRONZE

MONUMENTS

Drawings and testimonials may be seen at the Office of the Agents for Victoria.

R. G. & R. WALKER,

nov23 D&W 6m Spencer's Arcade

HALL & GOEPEL,

Wholesale Merchants,

STORE ST VICTORIA.

(Assignees of the Estate of R. C. JANION.)

OFFER FOR SALE, AT GREATLY REDUCED rates, the following:

Fine Old Cutter Whiskey, Ale and Stout, quarts, Red and Green Case Gin.

ALSO, AN ASSORTMENT OF

WINES & LIQUORS

IN BULK AND CASE.

—Keep also on hand—

Tin and Terne Plate, Sheet Lead, Sheet Iron, &c., &c.

dec4

SAUSAGE SEASON 1886.

JULIUS BARRAN

SAUSAGE MANUFACTURER,

Yates St., Next the Clarence.

I beg to notify my customers that I am now prepared to supply the TRADE with the very best Sausages of any kind. I make large QUANTITIES of the BEST quality of Fresh Sausages. [illegible]

dc18 JULIUS BARRAN.

Yorkshire Market,

ESTABLISHED 188[illegible].

W. W. EVANS & CO.,

Yates Street, between Government and Broad.

Beef and Pork Packers. Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Pure Leaf Lard. Every class of goods pertaining to the business. nov21 1y

Kings Head Beer Hall

JOHNSON STREET

THE old favorably well known House has been splendidly renovated and made now amongst the finest fitted up Houses in the town. Mr. White late of the [illegible] will be happy to see all his old friends [illegible], and the aim of the establishment shall be, as in the past, to make the above resort in every respect as comfortable for their guests as possible.

DOERING AND WHITE.

BEER 5 CENTS A GLASS. jan18

FOR SALE,

Craigflower Steam Mills

Now doing a good business. Capable of making the best article of

OATMEAL

In the Province. Also

A PEARL BARLEY MILL

[illegible] Oatmeal Millers will find this a rare opportunity. Apply to

sep21 D. F. ADAMS.

DOWN IN A COAL MINE.

90 THE BLACK DIAMOND'S HOME, NINETY FEET UNDER GROUND.

Life and Labor by Lamplight—Rest and Unseen Perils of the Miner's Occupation—Stroll Through Underground Avenues—Shooting Down.

Having supplied ourselves with small lamps we go aboard. The avenue through which we are traveling is thirty or forty feet wide, the roof high enough to allow us to walk erect, and the ground dry and dusty. Now and then we meet a train of three cars being hauled by one mule. Sometimes these trains suddenly emerge from side avenues, the existence of which never would have been suspected by a stranger, and finally, as mule, driver and train crowd out of one, evidently of more magnitude than any we have passed, Mr. K. remarks: "Let's go in here." We enter, and after traveling a quarter of a mile half in a chamber where men are at work filling cars with coal that has been blown down with powder. Holes are bored into the face of the stratum with a drill operated by compressed air, which is sent into the mine through iron pipes connecting with a powerful compressor in the engine room above. These drills run at lightning speed, boring a hole an inch and a half in diameter and six feet deep in less than three minutes. Then the machine is moved to another point six or eight feet distant and another hole bored. The three sides of the room are thus penetrated with holes, into which blasts are inserted, the fuse attached and then the miner connects the wire of an electric hand dynamo with one fuse at a time, walks off to a safe distance and forms the circuit—there is a flash, a jar, and several hundred bushels of mineral come down with a tremendous crash. The other blasts are "touched off" in the same way, with similar results, and then the man with the drill and the electrical battery leads them on his "bull cart," across out to the main line and hunts up another chamber.

Returning to the main avenue we move forward until we arrive at a chamber where a machine is at work. These machines are also operated by compressed air, moving back and forth against the wall of coal and undercutting it with a powerful iron fork. The implement is placed on tracks that move on an iron track, and is so constructed that the prong will cover an area of six feet in the immediate front. The truck and the machine can be moved at once and without the loss of much time, and when operated on full time does the work of ten men. Mr. Brandenberger, the general superintendent of the mine, whom we met at this point, stated that the difficulty with the machines was that they were constantly getting out of order, and, it being necessary to take them out of the mine for repair, which sometimes cost as much as the machine when new, he did not think there was much saved in the long run over hand mining. Sometimes a machine would be virtually ruined from a sudden fall of slate or shale or contact with a mass of rock-coal or iron—they are very nervy, moving back and forth, shaking their iron tongues into the black bosom of six a foot vein of coal, each attack being followed by a crash and a tumble of perhaps a ton of mineral, they present an effect on the senses both wonderful and startling. They are somewhat more dangerous than hand mining, from the fact that they are more sudden in their effects, and at all times and in all mines the operator must look out for sudden falls of slate.

A general stroll through the mine covered a distance of about two miles, and led through many avenues and streets running at right angles or parallel to each other, just like streets and avenues in a city, and laid out with as much mathematical precision. At all points in this part of the country pillars of coal are left standing to support the roof, and these pillars may be compared with the buildings covering blocks of ground in the city, the entries, as they are called by miners, being the streets surrounding the buildings. The end of the avenue, or where actual mining is going on, is called a chamber, and during our walk we found men at work in nearly all of the latter. Through every avenue is laid an iron tramway over which the coal must be hauled in the dummy cars to the bottom of the shaft. In tramping about you are apt to come in collision with a train of these dummies at any moment, and to avoid accidents recesses are cut into the walls at regular distances, into which you can step and be perfectly safe.

Between these wide avenues are driven off from the main avenue to distant points, when smaller ones are pushed out like the roots of a tree, with the exception that they generally run at regular angles to each other, so that in the course of time a labyrinth is formed out of which the unfamiliar explorer would never find his way except by the united guidance. The miner soon becomes as familiar to them, however, as does any resident of a city to its streets, and when he enters the mine never gets lost or confused in the journey to his chamber. He is assisted, however, very materially by the numbering of every avenue, a placard being hung up at the entrance of each on which is painted the proper numbers. In our journey we passed through about fifty of these avenues. In one considerably in moving forward, but in all others the ceilings were not less than seven feet high.

The ground under foot was smooth and dry, the atmosphere pure and the temperature about 60 Fahrenheit. The volume of air sent through all parts of the mine by means of the fan keeps it clear of smoke, foul gas or the unpleasant odor emitted from the small oil lamps worn in the caps of the workmen. Upon first entering the mine the darkness is intense, but in a few moments the eyes appear to grow used to it, and a sort of weird twilight surrounds you, through which objects may be seen several rods. The further the mine is penetrated the less intense the darkness seems to become. As might naturally be supposed, the acoustics of the mine are perfect. Low tones and even whispers of the human voice may be heard great distances. During the journey we heard a tremendous crash which appeared to be within a few feet of us, but say companion, seeing that I was somewhat startled, remarked that it was caused by the "shooting down" of a mass of coal nearly 1,000 feet away. Distance and locality seem as much of a figure in a mine as they do on the surface of the earth. Miners will tell you that "room No. 20 is a quarter of a mile away, that it to reach it you must go down No. 13 to No. 15, turn to the right and walk four blocks, then to the left one block, and you can't help finding it." Following these directions you are as certain to reach No. 20 in a mine as you would be in reaching a similar number by means of a similar direction on any street in Chicago.—Detroit Free Press, Chicago Herald.

A Disaster to Humanity.

M. Barthelemy St. Hilaire, the eminent French savante and academician, who has for years been specially studying the condition of India, says that in his opinion it would be a disaster to humanity if nothing should interfere to check the work England is doing in Hindostan.—Chicago Times.

A silk, velvet or plush bag attached to a gilded palm leaf fan is a pretty receptacle for photographs, cards, or a bit of fancy work.

Cleanliness is a duty we owe not only to the comfort of others, though it does not play a great part in the health of the skin.

The Northern Women prints a list of over fifty ladies who are connected with southern [illegible]

Rainwater and so called soft water are much better for washing and less trouble than hard water.

PHASES OF HUMAN NATURE.

What Gardner Says It Is Full of—Streaks and Freaks and Notions.

"Human nature" am a very curious bis'," said Brother Gardner as Elder Toots sit shuffling his feet and laid back for a nap.

"It am so full of streaks an' freaks an' notions dat it am a wonder de Lawd doan' git discouraged wid us sometimes.

"A statesman will sit up in de nawnin' an' decide' dat we hev de greatest kentry on airth. Nex' nawnin', if his coffee am not up to par, or his bootstrick am a leetle off, he am ready to walk out an' announce to de public dat our system of gov'ment am one which will evenmooly bring de kentry to a state of poverty an' degredashun.

"Dar am a large class of people, who, when dey hev honey for supper bless de Lawd 'fo his goodness an' am ready to subscribe $100 toward de erecshun of a new church. Nex' nawnin', when apple sass takes de place of honey, dey complain dat de flatun has got a fast mortgage on everything, an' dey wouldn't put up a nickel for a church if dey had money to throw away.

"Dar am people who go about wid bread stuffs on dar faces an' tell you dat de world am all right. It's daily growin' better an' it's plenty good stuff for anybody. An hour later, when de grocer or de butcher is called dair attenshun to a leetle bill which has run six months de same, dey declare de gittin was gone, an' de world am all wrong.

"We plan for a blackberry excursion wid de fixin's dat our fellow men am all right. We wake up to find dat excursion spoilt by a rain'y day, an' we at once declar' our fellow-men a set of thieves an' conspirators.

"Dar am no accountin' for what good, weak, unreflectin' human nature will do. We ex-pect purr to be 'wicked,' an' den hold up our hands ober dair deeds. We know dat all marriages can't be happy, but am scandalized ober divorces. De male sex demands de strictest virtue in woman, an' den turns about an' works dair downfall. We chide de selfishness of de world, but hang to all we git. We denounce an' revile a man while he libs, an' turn about an' make a hero an' a martyr of him as soon as de breff leaves his body. We preach charity to all, but who of us forgives our fellow-man for his shortcomin's?

"I tell you, my friends, we am a poor, miserable lot, no matter what de color or previous condishun, an' de person who has de check to stan' up an' criticise his nayburs am perhaps de wust sheep in de lot. We've got to show de streaks in our natur', an' de fack dat de man who will beat you anyway without security will also run away wid your wife must not be looked upon as anything out of de reg'lar track of human nater'. Let us now purseed wid de regular purceedin's."—Detroit Free Press.

The Diet of Consumptives.

The diet of consumptive patients should be ample, and should contain a larger portion of the respiratory constituents of food than is required in health. The appetite of consumptive patients is very capricious, and daily grows more so if it be not sharpened up by exercise. When the food taken is not applied to the purposes of nutrition, it is either left untasted; for otherwise it lies undigested in the alimentary canal, and sets up a serious train of dyspeptic symptoms, nausea, and diarrhea. Kind friends often, with the most provoking and mistaken good nature, thrust upon the consumptive relays of the most improper food, because the necessity for nourishment is so obvious. But the fact is that when the lungs are acting indifferently digestion can not go on actively, since, as Aristotle well observed, respiration is "the second digestion." Hence the quantity of food taken by the consumptive person should be small at each meal; but the meals may, if the exactions of the patient require it, be more frequent than in health. Of animal food, mutton is the best. Fatty and oily foods, which constitute the respiratory class should predominate, and fresh butter with bread may be taken almost ad libitum, so long as it agrees with the stomach. Cream, too, is excellent, and the luxury of curds and cream is very suitable. Milk, whenever it suits, is advisable as a constant drink food, and good cows' milk, new, answers every purpose. There are, as far as I can gather from numerous cases in which I have seen them tried, no such specific virtues in asses' milk and goats' milk as some have supposed. Tea may be taken in moderation with perfect safety. Fresh vegetable diets should not be omitted, and fruits, especially roasted apples, are always admissible, except in instances where they excite irregular action of the bowels. The Iceland moss has had a great reputation, as have jellies of different kinds, but these often are slow in digestion, and they have no specific value.—Dr. B. W. Richardson in Popular Science Monthly.

The "Book of the Dead."

At the Oriental congress in Vienna M. Naville gave a most interesting and instructive viva voce account of the origin, progress and completion of his critical edition of the "Todtenbuch," or "Book of the Dead," from the moment when that great task was confided to him by the members of the Orientalist congress of 1874 down to the issue of the concluding (introductory) volume, of which the first copy was laid upon the table. M. Naville described the method upon which he had worked, the difficulties he had to encounter and the reasons why he limited his field of research to papyri not later than the period of the Nineteenth dynasty. No one life, he said, would be long enough to complete such a work if extended to documents of more recent date.

Among other novel and interesting conclusions derived from his long and arduous intimate study of this most ancient religious book, M. Naville has arrived at the fact that the trials and terrors of the under world, as described in the "Book of the Dead," were not supposed to await all souls in their passage from life to eternity. Some souls might encounter certain perils, other souls might encounter other perils, and some might altogether escape the snares of hades. The "Book of the Dead" is, therefore, a book of texts placed, so to say, in the hands of every dead Egyptian for his protection and guidance in case of need; but it is strictly provisional. All these prayers and texts are also understood to be spoken by the deceased himself in case he finds himself beset by those especial perils. The book is, therefore, in no sense a "ritual."—London Academy.

He Hit It Right.

A New Yorker in Boston the other day called a carriage and told the driver to take him to "Whisky Straight." "I don't know any such place," said the driver. "Don't know where it is! It's somewhere near Boston," was the response. "There's certainly no place of that name about here," answered the driver. "Well," returned the nonplussed New Yorker, "it's something like that name, anyway. It's some straight drink." "Oh," exclaimed the driver, "you have it is Jamaica Plain!" And he hit it right.—Boston Post.

Bouquets of the Season.

Hand bouquets now in demand for the society season will be of very long-stalked roses that will hang loosely, being supported by banks of rather and maiden hair fern. Corsage bouquets are to be of Russian violets.

Moderation in Bathing.

Water is serviceable to the skin in only moderate amounts and at moderate temperatures. Very cold or warm baths, when used in excess, diminish the elasticity of the skin and its power of resistance to external irritants.—New York Graphic.

To Cleanse Hose.

Take a little vinegar and water and wash the hose carefully with a soft cloth; the acid removes all stains, but if a little potash is taken to clean the corners the vinegar and wipe them dry, the color will look as good as new.—Detroit Free Press.

Dominion Elections.

To the Electors of Vancouver Island District for the House of Commons.

GENTLEMEN,—

I beg to announce myself as a candidate at the coming Dominion Election for the representation of your important district in the Parliament of Canada.

I again solicit your confidence as a firm supporter of the Liberal Conservative party, whose policy has raised the Dominion of Canada to her present exalted position.

I will hold public meetings wherever I find it possible to do so, of which due notice will be given and at which I will give an account of my stewardship during the four years that I have had the honor of representing you in the House of Commons.

I have the honor to be,

Gentlemen,

Yours truly,

D. W. GORDON.

Nanaimo, Jan. 15th, 1887. jan16

To the Electors of the City of Victoria District.

GENTLEMEN,

I again offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages at the coming Election, as a Conservative, but not as a slave to any party. My platform will be: (1) The well-being of Victoria and District, which has been entirely overlooked; (2) Vancouver Island and its varied interests; (3) British Columbia in general; (4) The Dominion and its people. As Mayor of the city, I feel it will enable me to bring before the Dominion Government these varied interests with greater force and effect.

Yours, &c.,

JAMES PELL.

Victoria, Jan. 19. jan19

To the Electors of Vancouver District.

GENTLEMEN:—Having been requested by a large number of Electors to allow my name to be placed in nomination as Liberal Conservative Candidate for the House of Commons for your large and important District, I respectfully announce myself as a Candidate for the favor of your support at the coming election.

I will be pleased to hold public meetings wherever possible as soon as the course of a few days) as I have brought my official duties as Stipendiary Magistrate to a close and tendered my resignation.

Yours Faithfully,

J. P. PLANTA.

Nanaimo, V. I., Jan. 24th, '87. jan28

To the Voters in the Electoral District of Victoria.

Gentlemen,—I am a candidate for the Ottawa House of Commons as a supporter of Sir John A. Macdonald.

T. B. HUMPHREYS.

DOMINION ELECTION.

To the Electors of the Electoral District of Victoria

GENTLEMEN:—I beg respectfully to announce myself a candidate for re-election to the Commons, as a supporter of the Liberal-Conservative party.

E. CROW BAKER.

Victoria, January 24, 1887. jan24

Dominion Election.

The undersigned announces that he is a candidate for the representation of the Victoria Electoral District in the Commons of Canada, and respectfully solicits the vote and influence of the electors in said District.

W. A. ROBERTSON.

jan 18

To the Electors of Electoral District of Victoria

GENTLEMEN:

I beg respectfully to announce myself a candidate for the representation of the Victoria Electoral District in the Commons of Canada, as a supporter of the liberal conservative party.

jan 11 NOAH SHAKESPEARE

BUTTER.

200 Kegs Choice Brockville and Morrisburg

BUTTER,

For sale by

THOS. EARLE.

jan8

VICTORIA

LOAN OFFICE.

Money advanced on Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry of all kinds, Guns, Pistols, Trunks and contents, &c., &c.

☞ UNREDEEMED PLEDGES for sale Business strictly confidential.

44 JOHNSON STREET,

Opposite Railroad Hotel. P. O. Box 855.

S. S. HYAMS,

OPTICIAN, 267 Fort Street, between Broad and Douglas, Victoria, B. C.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to sight; twenty-five years experience in fitting glasses. Defective eyes examined. ☞ ARTIFICIAL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. dec 29 1m

TOWN OF FARWELL.

Lots for Sale.

ALLSOP & MASON,

PORTLAND BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

THE ST. CHARLES.

C. W. KNOWLES Proprietor.

Two Hundred Rooms. The Leading Hotel of the Northwest. corner First and Morrison streets, Portland, Oregon. The house has just been thoroughly overhauled, from ground floor to attic, being repainted, papered and refurnished throughout. Twenty additional rooms on the west end, second floor, all sunny, now in superintendents. An Otis Elevator has just been introduced, with a spacious hat and cloak vestibule, making the upper floors as convenient as those on the ground. The St. Charles, as now arranged, is undoubtedly the finest and most complete establishment of the kind in the Northwest. The Restaurant of Chas. Holmes, is connected in first class style and affords visitors every luxury known to the epicure. jan17

CORBETT & MACLEAY,

IMPORTERS

And Wholesale Grocers, Shipping and Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon.

jan18 1&W

J. McCRACKEN & CO.,

IMPORTERS,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, 60, 62 and 64 North Front street, Portland, Oregon. jan4

PRODUCE AND COMMISSION.

J. C. DEVLIN.

PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, Dominion block, Government street. Dealer in Eastern Cheese, Butter, Hams, Bacon, Lard, Fruits and Oatmeal. Inland and Mainland produce handled on Commission. Liberal advances made. Consignments of all kinds of produce solicited. apr30

REAL ESTATE.

JOHN J. AUSTIN.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated, Town and Country Property for sale. Office Bastion street, next to Bank of British Columbia, Victoria. P. O. Box 50.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

Purchase, sell and lease property, collect rents, make loans on mortgage and transact all business relative to real estate. Agents for Victoria Land Improvement Co., Inland and Mainland Investment Co., Victoria City Lots, Houses to Let, Gardening and Farm Lands can be consulted at their office. feb13

FINANCIAL.

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.,

BANKERS,

Government street, Victoria, B. C. Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits. Gold dust and U. S. Currency purchased at highest market rates. Sight drafts and telegraphic transfers on San Francisco, New York and Canada. Exchange on London available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland. Letters of credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe. Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

MARKETS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.

L. GOODACRE,

Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

C. R. ROBELEE,

CARPENTER, JOINER & CONTRACTOR,

Wharf street, near Johnson, Victoria. All kinds of jobbing promptly attended to and estimates given. Shop, Yates street, 35 feet, built as the Lieutenant plan. Terms moderate. oct19

ARCHITECTS.

E. H. FISHER,

ARCHITECT,

Spencer's Arcade, Government street, Victoria, B. C. P. O. Box ——

JOHN TEAGUE,

ARCHITECT,

Government street, Victoria, British Columbia.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

HARRIS & HARGREAVES,

CIVIL ENGINEERS, LAND SURVEYORS AND ARCHITECTS.

Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings, P. O. box 47 Government & Fort Sts., opposite P. O., Victoria, B. C.

MERCHANTS.

TURNER, BEETON & CO.,

MERCHANTS,

B. C. Biscuit & Co.

85 YATES STREET, VICTORIA

LOCKBOX B.C. Wharf street, Victoria.

GROCERIES.

J. FINLAYSON,

GROCER,

Corner of Government and Broughton streets, Victoria, B. C., keeps a full family groceries of all kinds. Table delicacies in great variety. Also choice tea and coffee.

IRON WORKS.

ALBION IRON WORKS CO. (Limited)

HOME INDUSTRY

Engines and Boilers of every description, Cooking and Heating Stoves, etc.

ANDREW GRAY, Manager.

W. P. BELLIS, Secretary.

TAXIDERMIST.

H. C. HALPENNY,

TAXIDERMIST.

Heads Mounted, Birds and Animals Stuffed with frequent visits at reasonable rates. Orders left at Reynolds' Bookstore, Government street, near Queen's, Victoria, ...jan9 D&W

PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING.

A. & W. WILSON,

PLUMBERS, GAS FITTERS,

Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in Pure Description of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shippers supplied at lowest rates. Fort street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call, 126.

TRANSPORTATION.

W. BUCKETT,

TRUCK AND DRAYMAN.

Begs to inform patrons and public generally that he is still to be found on the old stand, Yates Street, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to receive a share of their patronage. My name will appear on all trucks and drays. All orders left at Baker and Bone, Yates Street, or the Fashion Stables, Fort Street, will receive prompt attention. Jan 2 1mo

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE

A PAYING BUSINESS

In Fort Westminster, B. C., Corporate Limits, Dwelling House, Bar-rooms, well furnished, Dining Room and Cooking Kitchen with Range Cooking Stove, and Bar Fixtures complete. Reasons for selling, old age and being unable to attend to the business. Address W., HERALD office, Victoria. jan18

MEDICAL.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. Diplomas and highest testimonials of proficiency from the Governing of Edinburgh. Calls promptly attended to. Residence, corner of Douglas and Cormorant street, over Bonnell's groceteria. m 2 y

LEGAL.

EBERTS & TAYLOR,

BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS

Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. E. M. EBERTS. Barclay street, Victoria. E. G. P. W. T. TAYLOR.

INSURANCE.

THE YORWICH UNION

FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,

Established 1797. Assets, [illegible]

H. D. BENDERS, Agent.

Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan 9

Notices.

B. C. Milling and Mining Co.,

(LIMITED).

ASSESSMENT No. 11.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an assessment of one cent per share has been levied upon the members of the above company, payable at the company's Office, Langley Street, Victoria, on or before the first day of February, 1887, from and after which date all shares on which the said assessment shall remain unpaid will be declared delinquent.

By order of the Directors.

GEO. A. HARRISON,

Dated 31st January, 1887. Secretary.

British Columbia Milling and Mining Co. Limited

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the office of said Company, Langley Street, Victoria, B. C., on MONDAY, the SEVENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY NEXT, at half-past eleven o'clock, a. m., to receive the report of the Directors, to elect Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may then and there be submitted.

The transfer books will be closed between the 26th day of January and the 7th day of February, inclusive.

By order of the Directors.

Dated 7th Jan., 1887. GEO. A. HARRISON, Secretary.

Notice.

MR. GUSTAV LEISER HAS BEEN Admitted as a partner in the business of a Dry Goods Merchant, now carried on by Moses Leiser upon Government Street, and the company will hereafter be known as "LENZ & LEISER."

Victoria, Dec. 4, 1886. MOSES LENZ.

GUSTAV LEISER.

Witness, THEODORE DAVIE.

NOTICE.

S. ISAACS will continue the fur business in the old stand formerly occupied by J. H. Mayer, Government Street.

S. ISAACS.

N. B.—All work guaranteed. dec 31

Medical Council of British Columbia.

AN EXAMINATION OF CANDIDATES FOR admittance to register under the provisions of the British Columbia Medical Act of 1886, will be held in the CITY OF VICTORIA, on TUESDAY, the 1st day of FEBRUARY next. Full particulars will be given by applying to the Registrar.

G. L. MILNE,

jan 5 1m Registrar and Sec'y.

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GENERAL PASSENGER AGENCY.

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP LINES,

To or from Great Britain or the Continent.

Berths secured in advance by Telegraph.

HALL & GOEPEL,

GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

"ALMOST"

Given Away for 12 Months, and Premium Thrown in.

IN ORDER TO ESTABLISH A CIRCULATION of 100,000 copies a month of the LADIES' DOMESTIC MAGAZINE, the publishers have decided to give a useful premium in addition to a mere subscription of its able and instructive SIXTEEN PAGE MAGAZINE to any one sending $1.50, before the 1st January. The Magazine is devoted to the interests of the Ladies; it is full of Instructions and general information combining selections from all the leading Magazines and Journals of Home and abroad with original subjects particularly interesting to the Ladies. Its Literature is of the highest and best class. It is the Cheapest and Best publication of the kind in Canada. No Home should be without it, as every Miss, Maid and Mother will be delighted with its contents. Great inducements offered to those getting up Clubs. Men, Women, Boys, and Girls write for full particulars. From one to five dollars a day can be added to regular income by getting subscribers for this indispensible Magazine. Every family will want it and will take it as soon as they see the premium, which will be distributed at the end of January. Send 25c. at once and secure the premium and start with our first issue. Remember 50c. per annum is the regular subscription. The above offer holds good until the 1st January only. Address ADELBERT MILES, Business Manager, STANSTEAD, P. Q. Stamps taken. dec 30 D and W

Empire Brewery.

ALFRED PETERS, late of the Lion Brewery, Victoria, has now pleasure to supply the trade and families with all kinds of

Beer, Ale and Porter.

The Brewery is situated on Spring Ridge, and is built over a well of pure, ever-running spring water. This fact enables me to manufacture the very finest brands, equal to any imported Ale. Beer and Porter.

The machinery used is of latest pattern, the ingredients are pure water, malt and hops, and a trial is only necessary to convince that the brands are the finest manufactured in the Province.

All orders for city supply, or for shipment to Island or Mainland points will receive prompt attention and a remunerative article furnished.

ALFRED PETERS,

Empire Brewery,

aug19 tf Store 8 Bates, Victoria, B. C.

Glasgow and London FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Capital	$7,500,000
Guaranteed Deposit	100,000
Reserve	345,000
Income	1,100,000
Assets in Canada	192,339

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA.

Glasgow and London Building, MONTREAL.

J. B. MARSHALL LANG, General Manager for Canada, England.

JAMES BURNS,

Agent for British Columbia—Office, Langley Street, Victoria, B. C.

☞ Every description of Fire Insurance effected at Lowest Rates.

W. E. CHURCHILL & T. A. ROBINSON

PACIFIC Business College, 320 POST ST. SAN FRANCISCO.

LIFE SCHOLARSHIPS $75

No Vacations

DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS

☞ Ladies admitted into all departments.

Railways and Steamers.

The Canadian Pacific Railway

IS NOW OPEN for Freight and Passenger Traffic and Trains are running through

Between Port Moody, Winnipeg, Ottawa, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. Paul, Chicago,

And all points in CANADA and the UNITED STATES.

The following is the time to all new ESTIMATES over:—Our Compressed Distances are Important and our First and Second Class Fielding Stretch all number. The Cuisine of our Dining Cars is unsurpassed, every luxury of the season is served in them.

We run the purest of the finest scenery in the world—Kootenay, Lakes, Streams and Prairie.

Smooth, well Ballasted Steel Tracks. **FREE SECOND-CLASS SLEEPING CARS**

NO DUST.

When Going East Canadian Pac Railway.

☞ MARK AND CONSIGN YOUR FREIGHT BY THIS LINE.

For Tickets, Sleeping Car, Berths, and all Information, apply at Office of the Canadian Pacific Navigation Company (L.C.), Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C.; or, C. P. R. Agent, Port Moody.

G. A. CARLETON, Freight Agent. D. R. BROWN, Passenger and Ticket Agent.

D. E. BROWN, District Freight and Passenger Agent.

Railways and Steamers.

CANADIAN PACIFIC Navigation Co.

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 2

Taking effect July 12, 1886.

Burrard Inlet Route.

VICTORIA TO

Port Moody and Vancouver.

Daily except Monday, at 7 o'clock.

Moodyville and Hastings.

Wednesday and Friday, at 7 o'clock.

Port Moody to Victoria.

Daily except Monday, at 2:30 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria.

Daily except Monday, at 10:30 o'clock.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA

For New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Salt Island.

Monday at 6 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 2 o'clock.

Leaves New Westminster for Victoria.

Tuesday, at 4 a. m.; Thursday and Saturday at 7 a. m.

For Pimpers Pass.

Tuesday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route.

Leaves New Westminster for Hope, Chilliwhack, Sumass, and way Landings

Tuesday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Leaves Hope for New Westminster and way Places

Monday and Wednesday at 1 o'clock.

Leaves Chilliwhack, 8 o'clock.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

"Steamers leave by Standard Time, which is 15 minutes faster than Victoria time.

G. A. CARLETON, GEN. AGENT. JOHN IRVING, MANAGER.

Oceanic Steamship Company.

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails.

WILL LEAVE the Company's Wharf, Folsom Street, San Francisco, California, for

HONOLULU, AUCKLAND AND SYDNEY,

WITHOUT CHANGE,

THE MAGNIFICENT NEW IRON Steamer

KAIROSA,

February 25th ..... at 2 P. M.

Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.

☞ For freight or passage, apply at office, 327 Market St. JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS., 327 Market Street, San Francisco, California.

nov25

PACIFIC Mail Steamship Co.

COMPANY'S STEAMERS sail for

Hongkong via Yokohama,

City of Sydney ..... Feb. 12

City of Rio de Janeiro ..... March 5

City of New York ..... March 24

For New York via Panama,

Steamers will sail 8th, 16th, 24th and 30th of each month for ports of call. See San Francisco papers.

WILLIAMS, DIMOND & CO., Gen. Agents, aug 1 San Francisco.

OREGON RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION Co COLUMBIA RIVER ROUTE

TIME TABLE.

Commencing Sunday, Aug. 2, 1886.

ATLANTIC EXPRESS.

Leaves Victoria at	9:45 a.m.
Leaves Tacoma at	10:00 a.m.
Leaves Tacoma at	10:30 a.m.
Leaves Seattle at	7:00 p.m.
Leaves Seattle at	7:30 p.m.
Arrives at Tacoma at	8:45 p.m.

PACIFIC EXPRESS.

Leaves Mt. Pail at	4:00 p.m.
Leaves Arlene at	6:15 p.m.
Leaves Wallula at	9:00 p.m.
Arrives at Portland at	10:30 a.m.
Leaves Portland at	12:40 a.m.
Leaves Tacoma at	4:00 a.m.
Arrives at Seattle at	6:15 a.m.
Leaves Seattle at	7:00 a.m.
Arrives at Townsend at	11:00 a.m.
Leaves Townsend at	11:30 a.m.
Arrives at Victoria at	3:30 p.m.

For further particulars, apply to

ROBERT IRVING,

General Ticket Agent,

Two doors south of Post Office,

Yates street, Victoria.

VANCOUVER CITY,

100 Choice City Lots

FOR SALE.

IN SAMUEL GREER'S SUBDIVISION OF Thirty Acres, fronting on English Bay, adjoining the Junction of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's WORKSHOPS, ROUND HOUSE and Terminal Buildings. This is the most desirable property on English Bay and must increase rapidly in value.

Prices are low and terms as reasonable as to place them within the reach of every one.

Plans, prices and conditions, can be obtained on application to

SAMUEL GREER,

aug 27 Vancouver.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

ONE of the best farms in Cowichan District comprising 200 acres of excellent land about fifty acres on the Flats and under cultivation, which produces enormous crops of grain and roots. A great number of cattle, horses, hogs, poultry, etc., and all necessary farm implements, including self-binder, mowers, etc. The house is a large and commodious one and has a good orchard of choice fruit trees in bearing. The property is situated on the Cowichan River, about two miles from the steamboat landing, and is one of the most desirable farms on the Island. For further particulars apply to the owner, on the premises, Cowichan, B. C., or to Messrs. Pemberton & Son, Victoria.

Portland Advertisem'ts.

Dr. SPINNEY

Mottersnab Block, opposite Post office.

PORTLAND, OREGON.

TREATS with the same remarkable success of old all CHRONIC NERVOUS AND SPECIAL DISEASES. Consultation solicited and prompt attention given. Call, or write for pamphlet and list of questions. jan27

OREGON MILLING CO.'S

Royal Flour.

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Carried off two premiums at the late Mechanics' Fair, Portland, At New Orleans was sold at close of Exhibition at a higher price than any other flour, and pronounced by leading bakers to be the best they ever used.

☞ Sold by all leading Grocers.

JOHN WILSON,

Moody's Block, Yates street, Victoria.

Awarded First Premium ... Awarded First Premium ...

Capitol Mills Flour

FULL ROLLER PROCESS

Manufactured by the Salem (Oregon) Capitol Flour Mills Company, Limited.

☞ ONCE TRIED ALWAYS USED.

The above flour was sold at New Orleans, after close of the Exhibition, for 60 cents per barrel more than flour from other States, and pronounced by Mr. Rodon, the Baker who bought it the best he had ever used.

Head Office—Edinburgh, Scotland.

Mills—Salem, Oregon.

PORTLAND AGENT:

ALEX. GRANT,

9 Stark street

Red Crown Roller Mills

Manufacturers of Albany Patent, Snow Flake Family Whether, Bakers' and Model Hood Superfine Flour.

For sale at wholesale and retail by all respectable dealers.

TRY IT. Mills at Albany, Oregon.

ISAAC LANNING & CO. Proprietors.

aug 14 1f

The Starr Kidney Pad,

A PERMANENT

Sure Cure for Diseases

Disorders and Ailments of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Secretive System, or Attendant Complaints—common Pain in Small of Back, Sides, etc., producing Urinary Disorders, such as too frequent Scanty, Difficult, Painful or Copious Micturition, Inability of Retention and Involuntary Discharges, Dropsy, Gravel, Inflammation of the Kidneys, &c. Dropsy, Gravel, Inflammation of the Kidneys, &c. Dropsy, Gravel, Inflammation of the Kidneys, &c.

The Daily Times.
ISSUED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Victoria, Saturday, Feb. 5, 1887.

CITY AND PROVINCE.

—Ice for sale at the Poodle Dog. *

—Printers, attention! Don't fail to attend the meeting to-morrow at 2 p.m.

—Money saved by having your plans made by Fisher, the Architect. *

—Geo. Alexander, infant son of G. F. Grant, died last night at 10 o'clock.

"Erminie," the great operatic success, at the Victoria this evening.

—A fine line of water proof coats and umbrellas, cheap at A. Gilmore's, Johnson street. *

—A number of members of the Legislature were entertained by Mr. Speaker Pooley at dinner last evening.

—Skates! Skates!!—A fine assortment of Skates at B. Short's Fort street. *

—The annual stockholders' meeting of the B. C. M. & M. Co. takes place on Monday at 11:30.

—A splendid Hall's burglar proof safe is offered for sale at a bargain. Apply at this office. *

—To-night at the Victoria Mr. Murray will sing the magnificent baritone solo "Let all Obey."

—The agent of the Emma Abbott troope reports advance sales of tickets amounting to $740.

—The ice at Irvine's, just beyond the Jewish cemetery, is being cut up for use. Skaters need not look for skating there.

—Skating is all the rage just now. At Rock Bay the ice is not the best quality. Splendid skating is reported at Swan Lake.

—Mr. Dunsmuir may well exclaim of The Times, "I wad na touch it," but it is a notorious fact that he buys the paper on the sly, and in his — reads it with delight.

—Goodwin & Jordan, piano manufacturers, tuning and repairing. Factory Cormorant street, between Douglas and Blanchard. First class work only. Telephone 98; P. O. box 422. *

—The snow at Chehalis, W. T., on Tuesday was eight inches deep, and was still falling. The Chehalis river at present is said to be higher than it has been for three years past.

—Easton is the name of the point at the commencement of the mountain grade on the line of the N. P. in Kittitas county. The company will put in a Y at once on which to turn engines.

—As Mr. Storey's hearse was proceeding to Mr. Northcote's residence, at Ross Bay yesterday afternoon, the pole of a hack following it ran through the glass door. The accident occurred by the hearse suddenly slowing up.

—Lieutenant C. E. Kingsmill, son of Judge Kingsmill, formerly of Guelph, and first lieutenant of H. M. ship Cormorant, now lying at Esquimalt, is at present in Toronto, and is staying with his uncle, Nicol Kingsmill, Esq., Toronto.

—Dr. A. C. West, dentist, will for the present occupy dental rooms in Hastings' Photographic buildings, Fort street, where his old patrons and all requiring fine dental work, are respectfully invited to call. *

—A San Francisco despatch of the 2nd says: The steamer Geo. W. Elder arrived in port yesterday and reported having experienced pretty severe weather. Her fore-topgallant mast was gone. The Elder will receive a new mast before leaving that port.

—It is now said that the cause of the fire in McLean's premises, Douglas street, was the spontaneous combustion of a pile of incendiary *Colonist* newspapers. Families should beware of the incendiary sheet. It does more damage than good.

—Another Candidate—With pleasure we announce the candidature of A. B. Erskine to supply the Public with Boots and Shoes at most reasonable prices. Cash is his platform; committee rooms corner Government and Johnson streets; all are invited. *

Hall & Quackenbush, Vancouver, B.C., have the most complete list of business and suburban properties for sale at the terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Price and terms to suit all parties. Inquiries by mail promptly answered. References. *

—The automatic sampler of the Portland Reduction Works is now in position, and the most complete assay office in the Northwest is also in operation. The company is ready to receive and buy ores, and will make returns in 24 hours after they are received at the mill. Miners will please note this fact.

—Messrs. Frazer & Co., of Yokohama and New York, and Mr. George Olds, of the C. P. R., give notice that the British barque "George" is now on the berth at Yokohama ready to receive consignments of tea for all points in Canada, via Canadian Pacific Railway, to sail from Yokohama about last week in February.

—Our excellent morning contemporary has always a ready-made excuse on hand for an emergency. Its explanation of the non-appearance of "Junior Member's" letter is just thin enough to be transparent. Not only does the versatile organ raise dates (*vide* its Toronto letter of Jan. 31st) but, when it is necessary to get out of a difficulty, it can misrepresent the hour at which communications are received.

—The steamer Evangel, says the Seattle *Press*, of Thursday, came in last night from her Port Moody trip. Captain Tarte says he has experienced the severest weather since the winter of '79. The thermometer registered ten degrees below zero at Whatcom, and other points, and his doors and windows were all frozen up and ice covered his vessel from stem to stern, and from the water line to the top of the masts.

The Concordia.

The new company appears this week in one of their strongest programmes, comprising Billy De Ono's great success entitled "Rats." Misses Chapman and Goodwin in "Larboard Watch Ahoy" and horn pipe, reels, &c. The great couple, Mulligan and Kidd, in their unequalled Irish changes; concluding with the side-splitting comedy entitled "Bitters." Billy Gilbert in something new and novel, and Carrie Linton in "The Milwaukee Fire" and "Mother at Home." Admission, 25 cents. *

Gems of British Columbia.

Ladies who have had their children's photographs taken at Mrs. R. Maynard's Studio during last year, 1886, and have not received one of her yearly gems through the mail or otherwise, can do so by calling at the studio, Douglas street.*

Good Skating.

The Victoria Transfer Co. will send busses during the day (to-morrow) to Skinner's and Swan Lake, starting from their stables. Skating is especially good at Swan Lake.

The Mail Steamer.

At the present writing (4 p. m.) there is no sign of either the Sound steamer or Princess Louise. The latter is expected to bring several days' Canadian mail. The [illegible]

A "Dirty" Charge.

The *Colonist*, with characteristic impertinence, makes an untruthful attack upon the Toronto *Globe* for publishing a dispatch from its Ottawa correspondent relative to the health of Sir John Macdonald, and his mental condition. The *Globe*, in this instance, but gave currency to a rumor that has been prevalent for some time. Those who met Sir John while in this city—and they were by no means few in number—who knew the chieftain as far back as the early fifties, were not backward in expressing their opinion as to the marked change that had taken place in his condition. This was but quite natural, for the veteran is now in his 73rd year, having reached a period beyond the allotted span of three score years and ten; an age which a very large per centage of the human family do not live to see. That Sir John's mental and intellectual capacities have materially deteriorated during the past half dozen years is well known to all who have come into close contact with him. The disagreements between the chieftain and Sir Charles Tupper are equally notorious, and in giving the rumors currency the *Globe* was but repeating what has been reported time and again in the leading papers of the east. But read the dispatch complained of in whatever way one will, the most abject worshipper of the Premier cannot find anything that warrants the use of the terms "dirty" and "lie" as applied to the *Globe* in this connection.

Plucky Work.

A Spokane Falls journal states that the Northern Pacific management are showing more pluck and energy in the completion of the Cascade branch than railroad companies are in the habit of doing. Up on the mountains the snows are deeper and the weather colder than out on the prairies of the great basin region of Eastern Washington. Notwithstanding this, the work of construction goes vigorously on with large forces of men felling forest trees, blasting granite and basalt, digging, hewing and laying ties and track. Shipment after shipment of steel rails are going over the road and the gang of men up in the snow clouds that sweep around the mountain sides, brush aside the drifts and lay the iron way. The feat of Napoleon, in forcing his way with an army over the snow-clad Alps, was a small affair compared with the achievements of the American engineers. Ere the daisies bloom again the shrill whistle of the engines will startle the mountain fastnesses, and our trains will go thundering through the gateways of the Cascades to the Sound and the sea.

Where are They?

The *Standard*, quite properly, asks the several candidates, who have not already published their addresses to the electors of the city district, to do so at once, in order to enable the electors to vote in an intelligent manner. So, you gentlemen who have yours eyes Ottawawards, give the electors your views on the great questions of the day which divide the two political parties. The day has gone by when the intelligent electors of Victoria will go it blind on any man, no matter what his capabilities are or may have been. The electors of to-day are supposed to be an independent class, claiming the right to think and act for themselves, irrespective of the machinations of the "pairty" machine, would-be leaders led by so notorious and savory a sheet as the *Colonist*, whose principles or advocacy of any scheme or measure is a purchasable commodity—the figure paid regulating the tune it pipes to those who dance to its music.

W. T. Women Disfranchised.

An Olympia dispatch of the 3rd inst. states that in the case of the Territory vs. Hanick, the Supreme Court decided the act giving women the ballot unconstitutional, on the ground that the law had a defective title. The organic act requires that the object of every law be expressed in the title. The decision was by Turner and Langford, Green, dissenting. Commenting on this decision the *Voice* says that the dispatch fully corroborates the statement made by it the other day, that there was an infamous conspiracy on foot to disfranchise the women of Washington Territory. That this is a high-handed outrage against civil liberty the people is left to judge, and that the act will be severely rebuked by them there can be no doubt. The women of Washington Territory will vote, notwithstanding the above decision, for the people are the highest court in the land and they will promptly set the machine decision aside.

The True Version.

The public look to the press to give a fair report of the proceedings of the Legislative Assembly. Generally, the press of Victoria aim to inform the people upon what transpires in the House. But it has been left to that contortionist, the *Colonist*, to promulgate a report of what is said to have taken place in the Legislature between Mr. Dunsmuir and Mr. Beaven, which is as false as it is possible to imagine—about the threat of Mr. Dunsmuir to smash Mr. Beaven's nose. The threat was made by Mr. Dunsmuir in the members' room, in the presence of a number of the Legislature, and it was this, "That if Mr. Beaven did not cease his attack on him (Mr. Dunsmuir) about the curvatures on the Island Railway that for two pins he would smash his nose," putting his clenched fist up to Mr. Beaven's face. We leave the matter with the public, and we are prepared to substantiate what has been here stated.

For San Francisco.

The Mexico, for San Francisco, sailing to-day at 1 p. m., carried the following passengers from this city: Mrs H W Patton, E E Miner, C S Jacobson, Adam Knox, H M Hatfield, James Paterson, J M Fogg and wife, G J Campbell, W J Houston, Miss Flint, J Reece, E McQuade and wife, Miss Grant, Mrs Fanny Bouyer, Jas Dunsmuir, wife and children; Mrs Josephine Canasie, nurse and two children, W Martin, M Paillard.

Farm Sold.

This morning Mr. Robert Lipsett, real estate agent, completed the sale of the Twin Oak Farm, Victoria district, the property of Mr. W. J. Toepel, to Mr. Ronald McRae, a well known upper country rancher and stock raiser. The price paid was $10,000, which is considered by both vendor and purchaser to be a fair one.

The Weather.

Last night the thermometer indicated 7° above zero. At 2:15 this afternoon it stood at 25° above, the sun shining brightly and no wind. The sleighing, which was better than the average in Victoria, was fully utilized throughout the day.

Another Alaska Paper.

The first number of the Alaska *Free Press*, published at Juneau, is to hand. It is a very creditable weekly. This is the second paper in Alaska, which fact may be accepted as conclusive evidence that the territory is rapidly increasing in population and prosperity.

A HINT TO HUSBANDS.

Wives of great men all remind us
We can make our wives sublime,
And departing leave behind us
Widows worthy of [illegible] time.

Therefore give your wife a send-off,
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

New Zealand has annexed the Kermadec Islands in the South Pacific Ocean.

THE FIRE INQUEST.

An Investigation into the Cause of the Late Fire.

The inquest into the cause of the fire in McLean's grocery, corner of Pembroke and Douglas streets, begun yesterday afternoon and was continued to-day before Judge Harrison. The jury are: John Kinsman, foreman, H. F. Heward, Geo. Powell, Geo. Gosnell and W. Shears. After viewing the scene of the fire the evidence was taken at the Police court room.

D. J. McLean, the owner of the grocery, said on the night in question he had on a larger fire than usual, as the weather was cold. When he was aroused from sleep, he was nearly suffocated with smoke. He found the wall near the stove-pipe hole in the chimney was on fire. The stock was insured for $1800 and there was $800 on building and $200 on furniture. Owned the building occupied by Smith, on which there was $800 insurance, and the next building on Pembroke street, insured for $300. At the time of the fire, the value of stock on hand was $2400 or $2600.

Theodore Eaton: When I arrived at the fire it was well under way; helped Smith to remove his goods; the fire seemed to be in the storeroom; do not remember seeing Mr. McLean; live about 75 or 100 yards from the scene; was aroused by my employer at 1:30.

Phillip Smith: Retired to bed on the night of the fire at 10:30; weather being cold had removed the bed to dining-room, where there was a fire, and hung blankets over the doors and windows; was aroused by somebody knocking at the door and crying "fire, get up;" got up and told the man on the street to break in the door as I could not find the key. Looking out of the window saw Mr. McLean, fully dressed, standing at his kitchen window, and heard him crying "fire." First saw the fire in the roof of the old building adjoining the store. During the night heard considerable commotion and noise in McLean's building. The only window on the side next Smith's was intact until next morning. (This contradicted McLean, who said he had, in giving Smith the alarm, broken the glass.)

Sigmund Schoen: McLean had asked me to buy him out, and said his stock was worth from $800 to $1,200. Two weeks ago he had only twelve or fourteen kegs and packages of butter. (In answer to McLean, witness admitted that two-thirds of the goods were to be retained when it was offered to sell for $800 or $1,200.) The stock he had could hardly be sold here at all.

John Smith: Passed the house shortly after 1 a. m.; noticed a reflection in the window, but thought nothing about it for a minute; when thinking it might be a fire I turned back. The fire shortly after burst out, and I alarmed the neighbors.

Messrs. Maddams, Deasy and others were examined, but nothing of importance was elicited. The jury was still at work at 4:15.

Emma Abbott.

The announcement that Emma Abbott, the famous and popular prima donna, is coming, has already created a perceptible tremor of excitement, and from the present indications the opera season by the Abbott company will prove the great musical and fashionable event of the season.

The company will begin their engagement at the Victoria Tuesday evening with a production of Verdi's beautiful romantic opera "La Traviata" in which Emma Abbott has made a remarkable success and her costumes will be revelations of the modiste's art. Wednesday, Emma Abbott will give a sparkling impersonation of "Lady Henrietta" in the bright opera of "Martha." Miss Lizzie Annandale will sing "Mercy." As a farewell performance the grand and beautiful "Il Trovatore" will be given with Emma Abbott in her charming impersonation of "Leonora" and Miss Lizzie Annandale as Azucena, supported by the entire company.

The Opera.

"Erminie" drew a fair-sized audience at the Victoria last evening, and to say the opera was successfully produced and highly appreciated, on that point every one present agreed. That two gems were omitted from the opera is to be regretted; on this point there is a difference of opinion, consequently the curtailment. Miss Louise Eissing was most captivating in her part and with Miss Clements and Miss Reynolds divided the honors of the evening. Mr. West in the principal male character was seen to advantage, as was also Mr. Murray. Harry Brown was excruciatingly funny as usual. The chorus and orchestration were superb. A minuet by the entire company was a treat. The opera will be repeated to-night in better form and deserves a bumper house, for no prettier opera has ever before been presented here. Say farewell *en masse*.

The Reward of True Merit.

The unprecedented sale of *Boschee's German Syrup* within a few years, has astonished the world. It is without doubt the safest and best remedy ever discovered for the speedy and effectual cure of Coughs, Colds and the severest Lung troubles. It acts on an entirely different principle from the usual prescriptions given by Physicians, as it does not dry up a Cough and leave the disease still in the system, but on the contrary removes the cause of the trouble, heals the parts affected and leaves them in a purely healthy condition. A bottle kept in the house for use when the diseases make their appearance, will save doctor's bills and a long spell of serious illness. A trial will convince you of these facts. It is positively sold by all druggists and general dealers in the land. Price, 75 cts., large bottles. *

Schooner Sunk.

The schooner Juanita, Capt. Clark, went ashore in Shoal harbor, Saanich, on Thursday night, and sank in eight feet of water. She had on board 34,000 brick, owned by Mr. Geo. Byrnes, which were being taken to Vancouver. At the time of the accident the Captain and one man was ashore, a young man named Hampton being left in charge. When she sank Hampton took to the rigging, from which he was rescued half frozen, by a boat from Brackman & Ker's mill, in the morning. The Juanita, 60 tons register, was owned by Hall & Goepel and the Captain, and was valued at $2,000. The brick is fully covered by insurance but the schooner is uninsured.

Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness and Hay Fever.

Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and eustachian tubes. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact, and the result is that a simple remedy has been formulated whereby catarrh, catarrhal deafness and hay fever are cured in from one to three simple applications made at home. A pamphlet explaining this new treatment is sent free on receipt of stamp, by A. H. Dixon & Son, 305 King street West, Toronto, Canada.—*Christian Standard*. *

PIANOS.

We have a few Pianos sent us on consignment, which we will sell CHEAP.
British Columbia Stationery Co.
Next door to Post Office.

MARINE.

The Rithet, after laying at Plumper Pass since Monday morning, returned to the city last night, and left again this morning for Port Moody.

When the Teaser is refitted with new machinery, for which purpose she is at present laid up, she will be able to attain a speed of ten or twelve miles an hour.

The steam schooner Dolphin will leave to-night with the Mountain Chief in tow for Nanaimo.

The steam schooner Anna Beck leaves for the west coast sealing grounds to-night.

The sealing schooner Active leaves on Monday for the west coast sealing grounds.

PERSONALS.

Colonel Stevens returned from Seattle by the Mexico this morning and is at the Driard.

ORGANS.

We have a few Organs left, which we will sell cheap to clear them out.
B. C. Stationery Co.,
Next door to Post Office.

Archduchess Stephanie, wife of the Crown Prince of Austria, is seriously ill.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co. 106 Wall Street, New York.

Victoria Transfer Co.
(LIMITED.)

REDUCTION OF Hack Rates.

The following exceptionally low HACK and LIVERY RATES will apply until further notice:
From the Stand to any point within the city limits, one person ... 25
Driving by the hour, each hour ... $1 00
Dinner Parties and Theatres, to and from ... 1 00
To Trains and Steamers, each person ... 50
Balls and Parties, each Carriage ... [illegible]
To and from church, each Carriage ... [illegible]

Hacks furnished any hour of Day or Night.

TELEPHONE CALL 129.

Regular customers having monthly accounts of over $15 will be entitled to a discount of 10 per cent. on above rates.
Having a large number of Carriages, the Company are always in a position to fill an order. nov17

NEW TO-DAY.

A Social and Dance

To be held at Harmony Hall, by the British Columbia Association for the Investigation of Spiritualism, on Thursday, Feb. 10th, 1887.
Doors open at 7:30 p. m.; to commence at 8. Tickets $1: Gentlemen and Ladies. feb5 td

Municipal Notice.

Hackmen, Expressmen and Draymen are hereby notified to obtain their Licences at the City Hall forthwith, or they will be proceeded against under the Bylaw.
JAMES D. ROBINSON, C. M. C.
City Hall, 5th February, 1887. feb5

VICTORIA THEATRE.

FAREWELL PERFORMANCE!

Thompson Opera Comp'y

To-Night,
(By request.)
The Great English Success,
"ERMINIE."
Reserved Seats at Waitt's. jan25 1t

MUNICIPAL.

Tenders will be received up to Wednesday, the 9th inst., At Four o'clock p. m., for the supply of
Nails, Lumber & Coal.
Forms of Tender can be had on application at the office of the undersigned.
JAS. D. ROBINSON, City Clerk.
City Hall, 4th February, 1887. fe5d

TO LET.
'The Fashion'
Livery and Sale Stables,
FORT STREET
To let. Apply at [illegible]

G. BYRNES,
AUCTIONEER.
AUCTION
Wednesday, Feb. 9, 11 a. m.
Furniture, &c.
I have been instructed to sell all the Furniture in the Lodging House over Smith's Cracker Bakery on Fort street.
The contents of Twelve Bedrooms, Sitting Rooms and Kitchen, consisting of Double, ¾ and Single Bedroom Suites, Blankets, Pillows, Carpets, Blinds, Lamps, Parlor Stoves, Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Crockery, Tinware, &c., &c.
jan5 4t GEO. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

AUCTION
Re Kwong Lee Estate.
POSTPONED.
The Sale of the Book Accounts of the above Estate advertised to be sold at Kwong Lee's Store, Cormorant street, Victoria, on the 22d January is postponed until 10th February, 1887.
By order. G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.
jan22

Victoria Theatre.
ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY!
Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday
Feb. 8, 9 and 10.
The management respectfully beg to announce the first appearance in Victoria of the famous
Emma Abbott
GRAND
English Opera Co.
"Largest, Strongest, Most Expensive and Successful English Opera Company in the United States."
Complete and Perfect in every detail. Artists, Choruses and Grand Orchestra forming an ensemble which for Magnitude and Merit has never been equalled on the English Lyric Stage.

ABBOTT.
New & Brilliant Array of Artists!
SOPRANOS: Emma Abbott, Stai Bertini, Marie Hindle.
TENORS: F. Michelena, A. Montegriffo, W. Broadhead.
CONTRALTOS: Lizzie Annandale, Bertha Fricke.
BARITONES: William Pruette, Robert Mansel.
BASSOS: Wm. Broderick, Walter Allen, Robert Ward.
CONDUCTOR OF THE MUSIC: Signor Tomasi.
Grand Chorus and Orchestra, in the following Brilliant Repertoire:
TUESDAY—Verdi's Master-Work,
"LA TRAVIATA"
Emma Abbott, - as - Violetta
WEDNESDAY—Flotow's Charming Opera,
"MARTHA"
Abbott's "Last Rose of Summer."
Emma Abbott, - as - Martha.
THURSDAY—Verdi's Grand Opera,
"IL TROVATORE"
Emma Abbott, - as - Leonora.
The Operas produced with all the Accessories of Costumes and The Abbott Company's Own Orchestra of experienced Musicians.
NOTE—The Sale of Season Seats (only) will begin Tuesday, Feb. 1st, at Waitt's, and continue one day. The Sale of Seats for single performances will begin Wednesday, Feb. 2nd.
PRICES—Season Tickets, Parquette and Dress Circle, $5.00. Single Nights, Parquette and Dress Circle, $2.00. Admission, $1.50. Gallery, 50 cents. jan28

Notice to Stockmen.
THE SHORT-HORN DURHAM BULL
"LORNE"
Will be offered for service until further notice at the Farm of the undersigned, [illegible] Terms—$5, cash.
The Thoroughbred Berkshire Boar
"CONQUEROR"
is also offered for service. Terms—$1, cash.
jan29 1m D&W J. S. SHOPLAND.

JOSEPH SEARS,
House & Sign Painter,
Glazier, Paper Hanger,
AND DEALER IN
Paints, Colors, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Glass and Wall Paper.
YATES ST., ABOVE DOUGLAS.
jan20 1m

Hudson's Bay Company.
Large additions to the present Stock of Oilman's Stores, Wines and Liquors have been received ex "Hermine."
These Goods have been purchased on advantageous terms, and are now being offered at Low Prices.
Further supplies of General Merchandise are expected to arrive shortly, ex "Viola," "Huasquina," "Oban Bay," and "Titania." jan18

Great Annual Discount Sale
OF
BOOTS & SHOES
COMMENCES THIS DAY AT THE
City Boot & Shoe Store
AND WILL LAST FOR FORTY DAYS.
☞Now is your time. $29,000 worth in Stock, the whole to be cleared out to make room for Spring Goods.
G. H. MAYNARD, - - Fort Street

700
LADIES' STOCKING-KNIT
JERSEYS,
From $1.75 to $3.25
GREAT BARGAINS!
FOR FIFTEEN DAYS ONLY
CHEAP VARIETY STORE
DOUGLAS STREET.

IMMENSE SUCCESS
BIG SALES
OF
Dry Goods
AT
Popular Prices
All our Winter Stock of Ladies and Children's Jackets, Dolmans, Wraps, Wool Shawls are still further Reduced in price.
Latest Styles in Fur Capes, Silk Waterproofs, Fur-Lined Circular Dolmans, &c., are all to be sacrificed to
CASH!
Ten Cents on the Dollar is still the big incentive, and we continue to give that discount for ready money.
Children's Handsome Ulsters from 10 cents.
Woolen Stockings from 10 cents per pair.
Come to the
ALBION HOUSE
And Save 25 per cent.
BROWN & WHITE,
Government Street.

TENDERS.
Tenders will be received by the undersigned for the erection of a Frame Residence on [illegible] Street. Tenders close at [illegible], Feb. 8th.
Feb. 1. E. H. FISHER, Architect.

John Weiler,
MANUFACTURER OF
FURNITURE
OF ALL GRADES,
And Importer of
Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Carpets, Oilcloth, Linoleum,
AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.
AGENT FOR DOMINION
WIRE MATTRESSES
Only Mattress Manufactured in Canada on Oil Tempered springs; awarded First Prize wherever exhibited, and testimonials from leading institutions throughout the whole Dominion. Call and examine them. Also
IRON BEDSTEADS
Combined with above Mattress.
☞The Trade Supplied at Lowest Rates.
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.
P. O. Box 218, Victoria, B. C. jan28

THE OLD RELIABLE
JOHN BULL
BITTERS.
UNEQUALLED.
A. B. GRAY & CO.
VICTORIA,
Sole Agents for British Columbia.

FRESH
Baltimore Oysters
BY EXPRESS, EVERY THREE DAYS, AT
R. Beauchamp's,
YATES STREET.
Finnan Haddies Have Arrived.
jan21